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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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VICIOUS SNIPING IN PARLIAMENT

GOVERNMENT FOOD POLICY ATTACKED

Members Ask Officials To Go To The Villages

NEW DELHI, November 16 (PTI).

GOVERNMENT'S handling of the food situation, particularly in Bihar, was condemned by Congress and non-Congress members when Parliament resumed the debate on the President's address today. More than one speaker also expressed doubt whether Government would be able to stick to the target of self-sufficiency in food by March 1952.

Today's debate was confined to food. As several speakers wanted to participate, it was extended till tomorrow. The leader of the House, Mr. Nehru, stated that sufficient notice would be given to the House before the date for the debate on foreign affairs was fixed.

One of the strongest critics of Government was Mr. J. B. Kripalani, President of the newly-formed Congress Democratic Front, who asked, "What do you think of a Government that, fifteen days before they declare that there is an acute crisis in a province, say they know nothing about it? Not only that, but they minimise any information that appears in the press. I am afraid that our authorities are not able to see beyond their noses."

Mr. Kripalani

Mr. Hussain Imam said that Government had taken no action under the food grains control order to check the price of rice which was selling at Rs. 40 a maund in Bihar. "This Government," said Mr. Imam, "came into power because it was serving the people. If it fails to serve the people, they know what to do."

THREAT TO FREEDOM

Mr. Syamanandan Sahaya (Bihar) said that even today allocation of food to Bihar was made on the basis of normal allotments. Unless the attention of all the States and the Centre was focussed on the "great food problem", he added, "we do not know what will be the future of the newly-won independence of this country."

Prof. N. G. Ranga, Congress member from Madras, said that Food Minister Munshi had discounted the reports of famine in Bihar when a political leader with whom he did not politically agree gave a warning. Today, in the south, Salem, Coimbatore and other districts were suffering from 'famine', but the Food Minister and his Deputy who visited those plains merely 'sang a lullaby.'

Mr. Satish Chandra and Prof. Shibban Lal Saksena said that famine conditions were prevailing in about a dozen districts of Eastern Uttar Pradesh on account of crop failure and appealed for central aid.

Mr. B. Das and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said the Ministry of Agriculture had no plan. Mr. Das demanded the dismissal of those experts who had done nothing for India for the last few years. The others, he said, should be sent to work in the villages.

MONEY THROWN AWAY

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi said India had lost over rupees one crore thirty-three lakhs because Government rejected the offer of a certain firm to import sugar at prices "much lower" than those paid later.

Mr. Thakur Das Bhargava (Punjab) said that the only way to solve the food problem was to adopt a policy of decontrol. The country, he said, produced "enough and more" food.

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhuri (Assam) assured the House that if rice was decontrolled in Assam, that State should be able not only to meet its own requirements, but even to produce a surplus.

Mrs. Renuka Ray, on the other hand, congratulated the Food Minister on his "firm attitude" in keeping food controls. She, however, regretted that "none of the suggestions" made by members to deal with the food problem had been carried out so far.

Mr. Kripalani asked whether Government had fixed the target of March 1952 for attaining self-sufficiency in food out of intuition for inspiration or consulting "the science of astrology which is being rediscovered in modern days in high quarters."

He made a passing reference to Nepal and said, "I am afraid in high

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 2)

Cut In Bank Hours A Retrograde Step

STOCK EXCHANGE'S CONCERN

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Stock Exchange has expressed its concern over the recent curtailment of banking hours and the abolition of Saturday cheque clearings.

In a memorandum addressed to the Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India, the Secretary of the Stock Exchange said the changes recently introduced by banks in Bombay marked a "distinctly retrograde step", and their cumulative disadvantages were being felt from day to day.

"Shorter banking hours and delayed clearings not only cause depositors much inconvenience and loss on interest account but also lengthen perforce the period of credit and thereby increase the risk run by creditors," the memorandum said.

Banking hours per week had declined sharply from 31 hours in 1942 to 187-1/2 in 1950. The corresponding figures for banks in London were 27-1/2 hours and in New York 30 hours, the memorandum added.

Food Crisis In Kolhapur

KOLHAPUR, Nov. 16. (PTI): Mr. M. Allabaksha, officiating Collector of Kolhapur, told a press conference here yesterday that the present stock of food grains in the district would last four weeks.

"About 2,500 maunds of food grains have been collected from the district as voluntary levy", he added.

Ghulam Mohammed Operated On

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Ghulam Mohammed, Pakistan Finance Minister, had an operation for high blood pressure in Boston this morning, it was announced by the Pakistan Embassy here.

The operation was successful and Dr. Mohammed was reported to be in a good condition. He will undergo another operation in 10 days time.

CONGRESS DEMOCRATIC FRONT IN ANDHRA

Prakasam Is President

MADRAS, Nov. 16 (UPI).

MR. T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras, announced here tonight the formation of the Provincial Board of the Congress Democratic Front in Andhra area with himself as President.

The Board which provisionally consists of 100 members, has been formed in pursuance of the decision taken at the recent conference in Delhi under the Presidentship of Acharya J. B. Kripalani.

In a statement issued tonight, Mr. T. Prakasam referred to a letter received from Acharya Kripalani appointing him as the agent and organiser of the Democratic Front in this state and said he had formed the front after consulting many Congress leaders and workers in the districts.

The following office bearers have been elected to the Board. President: Mr. T. Prakasam. Secretaries: Messrs. T. Viswanathan, B. S. Murthi and R. Venkata Reddy. Treasurer: Mr. Sathrasala Venkatram.

A trade agreement between the Soviet Union and the Belgo-Luxembourg Economic Union was signed in Brussels on Thursday.

CORRUPT OFFICIAL DISMISSED

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Nov. 16: Mr. F. M. I. Qureshi, Chief Officer of the Karachi Municipal Corporation has been ordered to be removed from his post on being found unfit for duties.

This action was taken following the findings of a Special Judge who had held an inquiry into 14 charges framed against the Chief Officer for maladministration nepotism and favouritism.

Mr. Walter Eidlitz, an eminent Austrian writer and author, will arrive in Calcutta on November 18 for research work on the life and teachings of Shree Chaitanya on behalf of the Stockholm University.

Burma Rice Talks

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16: Mr. Nehru said in Parliament today that India was corresponding with Burma on the supply of rice for this year and next.

S. African Subterfuges

NEW YORK, November 16 (PTI-Reuter).

THE New York Times in an editorial on the Indian-South African question before the United Nations said that it was "well for this unsavoury issue to get a thorough airing."

The new Group Areas Act threatened to victimise Indians first of all, the newspaper said. It was understood that the matter should have been brought before "the bar of world opinion" by Mrs. Pandit.

Dr. Donges, the South African delegate, was doubtless technically correct in asserting that the issue is one of internal politics. "It may also be technically correct to say that the Declaration of Human Rights does not in its present form create juridical obligations.

"South Africa, however, will not by these technicalities and subterfuges escape the condemnation of the rest of the world," The Times said.

Food Import Policy To Be Revised?

DELHI WILL SUMMON MINISTERS SOON

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE grave food situation in the country is thrown into relief by an emergent conference of all the Food and Civil Supplies' Ministries of the different States of India, scheduled to go into session very shortly at New Delhi.

Though invitations to the Conference have not yet reached the Civil Secretariat of Bombay, it was reliably learnt, that the conference will take place soon, as time is of the essence. It will be presided over by Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food Minister, Government of India.

REVISION OF POLICY

An important item on the agenda of the conference, is stated to be a complete revision of the present food import policy of the India Government. The contemplated revision is learnt to have been necessitated by a series of mishaps and calamities—"acts of God," according to a spokesman—like the Bihar Floods, the Assam Earthquake and the droughts, monsoon-failures and famine conditions prevailing in various parts of the country, today.

Indications are not lacking that the original decision of the Government of India to stop food imports at the end of 1951, may now be postponed by at least five years. This point, it was reliably learnt, will be emphasised by these States who are caught in the grip of an acute food shortage and who feel that in spite of their best efforts, the Grow More Food Campaign will not yield food self-sufficiency in less than five years.

IN BOMBAY

In Bombay State, efforts to tide over the impending food crisis, have been greatly intensified during the last few months. Twenty-six agricultural colonies, comprising about 10,000 acres of land have already been started. More colonies of the same type will shortly dot the rural areas and an additional 16,000 acres have been earmarked for this.

These stretches of land have been leased on a co-operative basis to landless peasants, and Government are aiding them technically and materially, to bring this hitherto barren land under cultivation.

Parliamentary Secretaries, Mr S. R. Kanthi and Mr. D. K Kunte, who are straining every nerve to help solve the food shortage in Bombay State, are shortly leaving for North Kanara to personally supervise operations and achievements of seven such colonies established in this district.

A spokesman of the Government of Bombay stated that though it would be more cautious to estimate the period of dependence on imported food for the Bombay State at five years, still he personally felt that all this time may not be needed and Bombay may be able to solve such difficulties in about three years.

He also said that the Agricultural, the Revenue and the Civil Supplies' Departments would increasingly coordinate their efforts in the future, in order to tide over the present critical conditions.

The Centre, it is learnt, will have to import at least 30-lakh tons of foodstuffs for the next year's requirements. This quantum will have to be again revised after watching the conditions in the country after the next crops.

FUNDS FOR PONDI ASHRAM

Dilip Roy's Tour

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16. (PTI): Mr. Dilip Kumar Roy, celebrated musician and disciple of Sri Aurobindo, told PTI today that he was touring India to preach the spiritual gospel to Sri Aurobindo and to collect funds for his Ashram at Pondicherri where the great experiment of "coeducation on spiritual basis" was being carried out.

Mr. Roy said, "This bold experiment, which is fairly on the way to success was never attempted in an organised manner in the history of India before. Aurobindo, who is a great seer with a modern mind, cannot debar women as a class from spiritual life as being unfit for it. Women display wonderful skill in acrobatics after suitable training and attain marvellous physical develoument in the Pondicherri Ashram."

Throw More Light, Munshi's Appeal To Statisticans

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16. (PTI): Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food and Agriculture Minister, today called upon agricultural statisticians "to throw more light" on the problems connected with the requirements and production of food in the country.

Mr. Munshi who was presiding over a symposium of statisticians on "assessment of the grow more food campaign" cautioned that calculations might become "too mathematical". That would create a nightmare which "considerably handicaps the task of administrators". He hoped statistics would inspire people to fight privations.

Renewing Trade With India: Unofficial Move

LAHORE, Nov. 16 (PTI): The Punjab Muslim Traders' Federation has decided to renew its efforts to set up a joint Indo-Pakistan Trade Board to help revive through unofficial channels normal trade relations between the two countries, it is learnt.

The Governor-General of Pakistan, Khwaja Nazimuddin, will pay a 15 day visit to East Bengal from November 25 to December 10. He will stay in Dacca for six days and according to the programme drawn up at present, visit Comilla, Noakhali and Feni.

INSURGENTS FALL BACK IN BIRGANJ

Decisive Battles Being Fought In South

RAXAUL, November 16 (PTI):

NEPALI CONGRESS irregulars, led by Tez Bahadur, Administrator of Birganj, who had withdrawn to prepared positions at Parwanipur railway station, four miles from Birganj, were engaged in a decisive action tonight.

Frantic efforts were being made today by Nepalese insurgents to save Birganj, the first town to fall to them, from being retaken by Government forces, Wilfred Lazarus, PTI staff correspondent wrote today from Birganj.

STIFF RESISTANCE

The insurgents were reported to be offering stiff resistance to the State troops. No more details were available regarding the progress of the fight.

Tej Bahadur, it was understood, had ordered his men at Birganj to prepare for an open fight with State troops who were expected to launch an attack on the city.

Udaipur Garhi, an important hill fortress in Udaipur district, in Eastern Nepal has been captured by the insurgents, according to Nepali Congress reports received in Patna.

The reports also mentioned the capture of Marjare, a big village with a police outpost about 22 miles east of Biratnagar.

The Bhairawa front was quiet today.

The future of the six-day-old "Provisional Government" set up in the town by the insurgents, the correspondent said, was hanging in the balance, as well-armed and seasoned Nepalese State troops were reported to be bearing down on the town through the densely-wooded and marshy terrain.

The unexpected onrush of the Government forces through the boggy-mosquito-ridden terrain had taken by surprise the insurgents who were making a last-minute bid to organise the defences of the threatened town. The insurgents was reported to have called up the civilian population in the area to organise the defences on their own intiative.

Field observers however, expressed doubts whether the local population could organise any effective defence against the crack State troops.

Nepali Congress forces, meanwhile, had claimed that they had captured the police outposts between Birganj and Gour in this sector.

EASTERN FRONT

Meanwhile, PTI staff correspondent Asoke Gupta, in a despatch from Jogbani, said that the fall of Rangeli, twelve miles east of Biratnagar, had changed the aspect of the campaign on the eastern front.

Quoting Nepali Congress sources, the correspondent said that the insurgents were now attempting to make Rangeli their base for the projected attack on the industrial town of Biratnagar.

The sources said that the insurgents' plan on this front was to make a three-pronged attack on the town, on which an attack last Saturday had fizzled out.

Nepali Congress reports said that about fifty Nepal Government troops last night attempted to recapture Rangeli, but were beaten off after an hour's fighting. The retreating Government forces, the reports added, left behind some arms.

Most of the insurgents fighting in this sector are, according to Nepali Congress sources, students with little military training. Their number could not, however, be estimated.

PANT TO TOUR BORDER

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16 (PTI): Mr. Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh, and Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri, Home Minister, will make a two-day aerial survey of Gorakhpur and Deoria district bordering Nepal on November 18 and 19.

The Chief Minister will meet top-ranking officers of the two districts and discuss the security measures taken on the Indo-Nepalese border nestling these districts.

Nehru Being Vindicated

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): In the House of Lords last night, during the debate on recent events in foreign affairs, Lord Chorley, a Labour Peer, said that Indian Prime Minister Nehru had the sympathy of very large numbers of ordinary men and women in Britain when he stood out against the United Nations forces crossing the thirty-eighth parallel.

The conquest of North Korea, Lord Chorley said, played directly into the hands of those who were propagating the view that the United States and the English-speaking world had aggressive designs in the Far East.

REBELS CAN'T HOLD OUT

An Envoy's View

LONDON, Nov. 16. (PTI): General Shanker Shamshere Jung Bahadur Rana, the Nepalese Ambassador in London, said in an interview here, he could not believe that the insurgent movement in Nepal was an underground movement.

General Shanker said: "The Nepalese Congress Party's members are not numerous inside Nepal, though there are sporadic elements. Outside, however, they have a very good following."

The Ambassador told the Press Trust of India, "These Nepalese Congress raiders have come from across the Indian borders as they themselves say. They carry arms and ammunition which cannot be found in the open market in Nepal or for that matter in India. How can anybody believe that they are an underground movement?

"Unless the raiders get reinforcements and arms from outside they will be no match for the Government forces. They will be mopped up. Once the insurrection is crushed, the Government will take whatever steps the situation demands."

The Ambassador, who is himself a brother of the Prime Minister of Nepal and a cousin of the King, denied that there was a quarrel between the Ranas and the King's family. "For more than a hundred years the King has had no hand and no voice in the Government of Nepal. The King is completely outside politics and cannot demand any powers."

Asked about the deposition of King Tribhuvan, the Ambassador said, 'He deposed himself. He went to a foreign Embassy and refused to come back when asked to by his Government. The throne, therefore, became vacant by default."

Assam Receives A Cheque Of Rs. 50,000

SHILONG, November 16 (PTI): The Governor of Assam has received a cheque of rupees 50,000 from the Prime Minister, being the amount meant for the Assam earthquake relief, out of a sum of rupees one lakh contributed by army officers and men for relief work in Assam and other places.

Wafdist Re-elected

CAIRO, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Abdel Salam Fahmy Pasha (Wafdist) was re-elected Speaker of the Egyptian Chamber of Deputies today.

Property valued at about Rs. 20,000 was looted when a party of armed dacoits raided Sarapdad, a village 14 miles from Rajkot.

A Bad 'Scoop' Backfires

BOMBAY, Thursday: "Prime Minister told me personally that he was shocked," said Mr. Morarji Desai today at his press conference, referring to a mistaken and misleading report which appeared in a morning contemporary.

The paper had reported the Prime Minister as having said at the 8-30 Club reception that he feared a world war was likely to break out in 15 months. Mr. Morarji Desai disclosed that Mr. Nehru had told him before emplaning for Poona that he had said nothing of the sort and there was some gross misreporting.

When a reporter today suggested that it was interpreted as a "scoop" for the paper, Mr. Morarji Desai retorted: "Nothing of the sort. What kind of a scoop is that? It was pure invention. I was present myself at the function and heard the Prime Minister clearly."

Electoral Roll Claims

DATE EXTENDED UP TO DECEMBER 23

BOMBAY Thursday.

In connection with the general elections under the Constitution of India, the electoral rolls were preliminarily published at the taluka and mahal headquarters on November 1 last. The rolls were also published informally for the convenience of the people at the District and Sub-divisional headquarters and at villages. Claims and objections were invited up to November 22.

Now that the elections have been postponed and as there is a strong demand from various sections of the public it has been decided to extend the time for filing claims and objections until December 23, 1950.

On The Road To War: Faith In Arms

ATLANTA, Nov. 16. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. W. Averell Harriman President Truman's special adviser on foreign affairs, said here today that the answer to world security today lay in the rearmament policy of the United Nations.

The United Nations rearmament programme must be backed with persistence and vigour, the former Ambassador to Britain and Russia said.

Fighters Of Peace Meet In Warsaw

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The World Peace Congress, transferred from Sheffield (England), after the British Government had barred many leading delegates, opened in Warsaw tonight, Warsaw radio reported.

Delegates from all parts of the world greeted with deafening applause the arrival in the meeting hall of Professor Frederic Joliot-Curie, French atomic scientist. (He was one of those barred from Britain).

U.S. Plane Crash: One Missing Out Of 16

MONTPELLIER, (Southern France), Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): An American military plane crashed in flames over Montarnaud, near here last night.

All 11 members of the crew parachuted down safely. Ten were found, and one was still missing this morning.

KOREAN REDS ATTEMPT AMPHIBIOUS LANDING

Enemy "Annihilated" By U.N.

TOKYO, November 16 (PTI-Reuter).

COMMUNIST forces today made an attempt to make an amphibious landing at an unspecified place from Chongjin in the northeast corner, but they were annihilated by United Nations forces, according to latest reports.

Increasing guerilla activity was reported behind the front-line and some guerillas were taken prisoner just north of Seoul by units of the Royal Ulster Rifles, newly arrived in Korea. The guerillas engaged a mixed force, which included, besides the Ulsters, Turkish and Phillipine infantry.

Staff officers predicted that the guerilla activity would grow with the winter.

Supply routes were now being menaced by small groups, swooping down from the hills to attack road convoys and then disappearing before reinforcements arrive.

In North Korea, United Nations forces pressed relentlessly on the Communist defenders who are trying to dig in for the winter.

General MacArthur's spokesman used the word "offensive" for the first time in a month. He described frontline activity as "some sort of an offensive" saying the United Nations were "certainly not losing the war".

SEOUL: South Korean counter-espionage agents today arrested two Koreans on charges of spying for the Chinese Communists. They are aged 27 and 14. Korean authorities said the pair had transmitted United Nations military secret to the Chinese Communists.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the undersigned from the contractors borne on the approved list of Railways and other Government Departments for erection of one 350 ft. clear revitted type rail and road girder span 362'-0" centre of bearings, B.G., M.L. Standard, over the Chakki Khud on the Mukerian-Pathankot Railway (under construction). Only those contractors, who have considerable experience in this type of work and are in possession of all tools and plant and equipment required for the satisfactory execution of this work, should tender.

The prescribed tender form and the conditions of contract can be obtained from the office of the Chief Administrative Officer, Eastern Punjab Railway, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5|-|-. Tenders will be received upto 14.00 hours on 19th December, 1950, and will be opened at 15.00 hours on the same day.

Copies of drawings showing the general arrangement of the span can be had from the office of the Deputy Chief Controller of Standardization (Civil), New Delhi, on payment.

The successful tenderers shall have to start the work within a fortnight from the date of receipt of the first consignment from the fabricators and shall have to complete the same in all respects within three months from the date of receipt of the last consignment of fabricated material.

The amount of earnest money to be deposited is Rs. 10,000|-. Earnest money must be deposited in cash in the name of the Chief Cashier and Paymaster, E.P. Railway. Bank Cheques, guarantee bonds or treasury deposits receipts will not be accepted.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, DELHI.
(9100)

O. T. RAILWAY.
REMODELLING OF CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOPS AT GORAKHPUR.

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for remodelling of carriage and wagon shops at Gorakhpur Workshops (Approx: Labour cost—Rs. 80,000|-) and will be received by the undersigned upto 2-20 p.m. on 5-12-50.

2. Plans can be seen and tender documents can be had from the office of the undersigned on any working day on payment of Rs. 5|-.

No tender will be considered without deposit of earnest money of Rs. 1,000|- which should be deposited with the F. A. & C. A. O. T. Railway, Gorakhpuh, either in cash or approved bond from Imperial Bank of India only.

Tenders from contractors not on the approved list will not be considered unless they are accompanied by credentials certifying to their capacity, experience and proof of being Income Tax payees. Exceptions for Income Tax certificate will be made for bonafide refugees only.

CHIEF ENGINEER-GORAKHPUR.
(9098)

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for 1951 accompanied with earnest money of Rs. 200|- for purchase of standard milk having 4.5% fat or pure cow milk if that has a lesser fat percentage of Government farms Bubugarh (Meerut) Madhurikund (P.O. Aring, Mathura) Bharavi (Jhansi) Hempur (P.O. Kashipur, Nain Tal) and Arazi Lines (P.O Jakhni, Banaras) will be received upto 3 p.m. on 30-11-50. Full particulars can be had from Farm Managers or undersigned.

T. H. NAQVI,
Deputy Director,
Mechanised State Farms,
Lucknow.
9080

PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

No. 18151|151|Impt.—The following draft of a Notification which it is proposed to issue under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 15th November 1950, will be duly considered.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, makes the following new Rule:—

No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt, except for the immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon on the West side and between 5 p.m. and 8 p.m. on the East side of Cowasji Patel Tank Road from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road and Falkland Road.

M. M. CHUDASAMA,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 27th September 1950.
(9099)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT, SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts under the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), Bombay for being placed on the approved list.

1. Accountants Rs. 275-15-350 plus Dearness Allowance.
2. Junior Accountants Rs. 200-15-245 + Dearness Allowance.
3. Deputy Accountants Rs. 140-10-200 plus Dearness Allowance.

Applicants for categories Nos. one and two must possess good accounting qualifications and must have had considerable previous experience of at least 15 and 10 years respectively in Accounts work in a Civil or Military or Railway Accounts and Audit Office as Superintendent, Senior Accountant or Divisional Accountant. Chartered Accountants with long commercial experience will also be considered. Applicants for category No. three must have atleast 5 years service in responsible accounts posts under Government or in commercial offices and must be either B. Coms., or G.D.As. or Graduates. Applications should reach the Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), New India Assurance Building, 4th Floor, Fort, Bombay not later than the 27th November, 1950. No travelling allowance will be paid by Government for coming for the interview or for joining the first appointment.

Government servants should apply through proper channel. Except in respect of Government Servants preference will be given to candidates who are not over 40 years of age on 1st December, 1950.

LEGAL NOTICES

COURT OF SUBORDINATE JUDGE, BAPATLA.

Sc. 110 of 50

Between

PALLAPOTU VENKATA SUBBIAH ..Plaintiff.

and

1. SHAH SOKALCHAND CHUNILAL & CO, Bezwada, 2. SOKALCHAND CHUNILAL, Bezwada, and another ..Defendants.

NOTICE TO 1ST AND 2ND DEFENDANTS

Take notice the above suit by plaintiff for recovery of Rs. 313-12-0 as damages for breach of contract is posted to 21-11-1950 for appearance of defendants 1 and 2. In default of appearance the suit will be heard and decided exparte.

M. V. RAMAMURTHY,
Advocate for Plaintiff.

Bapatla, 6-11-50.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent—Prabhakar Purshottam Budhisagar and with the consent of the Mortgagee Mr. Vishwanath Narayan Budhisagar Assignee, M|s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 4th December 1950 at 1 p.m. (S.T.) at Official Assignee's Office, High Court, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said Insolvent and of the said the Mortgagee—in a house at Taloda, (West Khandesh) bearing Municipal Committee No. 353.

For Particulars apply to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BANK FURNITURE.

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will, under instructions from The Official Liquidator, High Court, Bombay as the Liquidator of The Model Bank of Barsi Ltd., (In Liquidation), sell by Public Auction on Tuesday, 21-11-50 at 12 Noon at their Rooms, at 72, Medows St. Fort, Bombay:—

Furniture of the said Bank including counter, tables, chairs, ceiling fans, 1 portable typewriter, iron safe, cupboards, book-shelf etc.

Terms:—full cash & immediate delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF BANK FURNITURE.

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will, under instructions from The Official Liquidator, High Court, Bombay as the Liquidator of The Model Bank of Barsi Ltd., (In Liquidation), sell by Public Auction on Wednesday, 22-11-50 at Noon at the said bank's office, Nana-Abad Building, Bhau Daji Rd., near King Circle, Matunga (G. I. P.) Bombay:—

Furniture of the said Bank including counter, tables, chairs, ceiling fans, 1 portable typewriter, iron safe, cupboards, book-shelf etc.

Terms:—full cash & immediate delivery.

GANDHI & CO.

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 119 of the Sea Customs Act 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY the 22nd November 1950 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the New Custom House Ballard Road confiscated goods such as 25 Cases Rayon Yarn, 24 Bdles. coir for mattresses, Jai: Dyes Lungis: C.P. Goods: Milk Cans: Gramophone needles: Perfumery: Cigarettes. Constant Temperature Regulating Apparatus, Automatic Pencils and other Misc. goods.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE, TOMORROW (Sunday) at 10-30 a.m. Property of M. Fraser Esqr. and others at Babulal Mansion Chowpatty seaface of complete household and office furniture, Eng. Phillips safe, steel-almirah, typewriter, Singer foot machine, radio wall clock, Eng. large ice box. zoola sofa cabinet, writing bureau, Eng. vono bed. Cabinet gramophone, etc. T. 40213, EASTERN AUCTION CO.

BALKAN-JI-BARI
CELEBRATES
CHILDREN'S DAY
TODAY NOV. 17th
CHILDREN
UNDER 14 YEARS
will be allowed to enjoy free of charge all games and amusements at
BALKAN-JI-BARI
EXHIBITION
SWAPNA DESH
AZAD MAIDAN
ENTRANCE FEE As. 2.
AD. BKG. FROM TODAY 8 A.M.

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HERALD
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PAINT
Herald paints are of the highest grade—supplied ready for use, they are ideal for all inside and outside work. Available in a large range of attractive shades. Supplied in 4 lb. 7 lb. 14 lb. & 28 lb. containers.
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THE SIGN OF A GOOD PAINT
Stockists Everywhere
Trade Enquiries invited to Secretaries & Treasurers:
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P. O. Box 12, Madras. P. O. Box 172, New Delhi.
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NO TIME TO WASTE ON BASELESS PROSECUTION

Strictures In Sessions Court

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"MR. ADVOCATE GENERAL, you should see to it that time and money are not wasted in trying cases where there is no legal evidence", said Mr. J. C. Bhatt, the Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay, in the course of a trial of Norman Peter on the charge of using a forged document as genuine.

The case against the accused was that he borrowed Rs. 2,000 from one Powell. Out of the amount he returned Rs. 800/- by 22-4-49 when Powell demanded the balance. The accused gave him a cheque drawn in the favour of the former and told him to cash it on April 25, 1949, if he failed to repay the balance by that time. The cheque appeared to bear the signature of one Kroft.

On May 5, 1949, Powell tried to cash the cheque at the Central Bank when it was discovered that the cheque was from a cheque-book given to Godrej Choksi, an account-holder. On inquiry, the accused was arrested. The defence of the accused was that one Kroft gave it to him.

In the beginning of the trial Mr. Phiroze Vakil who appeared for the accused submitted to the Court that inasmuch as Choksi's signature was not attempted to be forged on the cheque the document could not be said to be forged. Writing one name in the place of another was no forgery, he submitted.

Some time after the trial commenced the Judge sent for the Public Prosecutor, who after some time went out and returned with the Advocate General.

The Advocate General told the Court that he was satisfied that there was no evidence on which to prosecute the accused. He therefore submitted that he had no intention to carry on the prosecution.

The accused was therefore acquitted. Prior to this case were two other cases where Judge Bhatt directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

Within two days the Sessions Court, it is said, had come across four cases where the accused were made to face serious charges in spite of the absence of any material evidence.

Skim Milk Powder Depot

BOMBAY, Thursday.

From 21st to 23rd November and again on 25th and 27th November, 1950, the Government Skim Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India, Churchgate, Bombay, will remain open for sale for skim milk powder from 7-30 to 10-30 a.m. only, in view of the cricket matches to be played at the Brabourne Stadium during this period.

Co-operatives In The Jungle

B.G. KHER'S TRIBUTE TO SOCIAL WORKERS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, today complimented the social workers who were organising co-operative societies of forest folks for the success they had achieved during a short period of three years. The Chief Minister was inaugurating a conference of representatives of different social service institutions which have taken up the responsibility of organising such societies in the forest areas of the State, at the Council Hall, Bombay.

Shri Kher observed, "The work which you are doing in the remote backward areas and amongst these jungle folks is of the nature of training these people for self-help and democracy." He, however, sounded a note of warning against a hasty expansion of the co-operative movement in those areas, and added, "Unless you have a sufficient number of honest intelligent and trained workers, who are ready to plant themselves in the remotest jungle areas for the service of the jungle folks, I am afraid, the movement may not progress on right lines."

GUNS FROM A WELL

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 16 (UPI:—The police recovered from a well in Warangal Fort three guns, one pistol, four swords and three daggers.

It is believed that they were thrown in the well by Razakars to escape arrest.

A CORRECTION

BOMBAY, Thursday: Wednesday's Chronicle happened to mention Mr. Justice Chainani's name in connection with the many judges who had applied for liquor permits. This information was obtained from the Prohibition Department. It is now learned that Mr. Chainani never applied for a permit and is not in possession of one.

NEW POLICY REGARDING RINGFRAMES

Call For Fresh Applications For Import Licences

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

The Government of India's licensing policy regarding ringframes, spares for ringframes, looms and carding engines for cotton during the period from July to December has been announced. All existing applications for import licences in respect of such machinery are cancelled.

Members of millowners associations have been asked to file fresh applications through their associations and others directly to the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than November 30.

As soon as possible, thereafter, he will inform the applicants of the extent to which suitable machinery was available from local production to meet their requirements. No indigenous machinery will be considered suitable unless the same were inspected and certified as such by duly authorised Goverment of India Inspectorate of Textile Machinery and names of manufacturers from whom machinery in question was available, would be indicated at the same time.

The Deputy Chief Controller will also issue import licences to cover 80 percent of the differences between the total requirements as assessed by Government and the amount for which suitable machinery of local production was considered to be available in India.

No imports or remittances of foreign exchange will be permitted unless applicants get their licences confirmed by filing within three months, with the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports, acceptances of their firms' orders from local manufacturers. The question of how the remaining 20 percent demand of mills will be met will be decided later.

Airmen Died In Accident

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15: The Government of India regret the death of No. 3234 Flying Officer N. C. Bhatnagar, Instructor and Flight Cadet 125804 A.K.M. Koshy in an accident while on a training flight on November 15, 1950, about 8 miles from Jodhpur.

The next of kin have been informed.

Own Your Phone Scheme Successful

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16, (PTI): Upto the end of October 1950, a sum of Rs. 1,87,83,000 was realised by way of deposits under the "own your phone scheme", it was officially learned here today. Seven thousand nine hundred and ninety seven applications had so far been received at the 11 places where the scheme is under operation and the total number of new connections given till last month was 5,002.

Import Of Cotton Thread

NEW CONDITIONS

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (PTI): Import of cotton thread other than sewing or daring thread would be allowed from soft currency areas during July-December 1950 on the basis of a quota of 40 per cent of half of the best year's imports from all sources, it was announced here yesterday.

A press note issued yesterday said: The Government of India have decided to allow the import of cotton thread falling under serial no. 179 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule from 'soft' currency countries also to established importers on the basis of a quota of 140 per cent of half of the best year's imports from all sources during the licensing period July-December 1950.

Government have also decided to allot a special quota for cotton sewing thread falling under serial No. 181 of Part IV of the ITC Schedule from 'soft' countries to be calculated on the basis of 9 per cent of half of the best year's imports of both cotton sewing thread falling under serial No. 181 of Part IV and cotton darning thread falling under serial No. 182 of Part IV from all sources. This special quota of 90 per cent will be granted to established importers over and above the quota of 50 per cent already admissible to them.

Applications in the prescribed form should be submitted to the Import Trade Controllers at the port so as to reach the authorities concerned not later than November 30, 1950.

PROHIBITION APPEAL: MORARJI CLARIFIES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, stated today at his weekly press conference that the Government would not ask the Supreme Court to review either the whole of the Prohibition Judgment or the whole of the Prohibition Act.

They would mention some special grounds for appeal, which would be on such points on which the legal department of the Government did not see eye to eye with the judgment.

When the Home Minister's attention was drawn to the constitution of the medical boards under the Prohibition Act for issuing permits for health reasons, he said that there was nothing illegal in it.

ELECTORAL ROLLS

Regarding the Electoral Rolls, the Home Minister said that the Rolls were 90 per cent correct, though there might be mistakes regarding age and details like surnames in some cases.

While discussing the subject of taxation, a reporter suggested to Mr. Morarji Desai now that Government had exhausted all taxation resources, "a family limitation tax" could be imposed.

He laughed and said, "You will be encouraging murders if you do that, for that is also a way of limiting families".

SHAW WAS A GREAT HUMANIST

Citizens' Tributes

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Glowing tributes were paid to the memory of Bernard Shaw at a condolence meeting held at C. J. Hall, this evening, under the auspices of the newly-formed Shaw Society.

Mr. R. K. Karanjia who presided referred to the late G. B. S. as one of the greatest intellectuals of the century. To him Shaw had appealed greatly as a journalist. He felt that the great life force behind Shaw's writings conveyed the impression that at heart he was a journalist par excellence. In fact, he had started life as a journalist before he donned the mantle of a philosopher

Mr. Victor Paranjoti who spoke on "Shaw as a music critic" observed that Shaw was a great humanist and he tried to find humanity in "harmony." b

Mr. Mulkraj Anand said that in the death of Shaw the world had lost an outstanding literary personality. His works were immortal and nothing could destroy them. He was perhaps the greatest writer and dramatist since Shakespeare. He was one of those very few who had fought tenaciously to hold fast to his own beliefs and opinions, despite incurring the displeasure of others. He was a great social and political philosopher and had a peculiar knack of bringing home to others his wisdom and philosophy through wit. His versatile intellect had made him a beacon of the present civilization.

Mr. Prithviraj Kapoor and Mr. K.A Abbas also spoke.

SECOND M. B. B. S. RESULTS

The following are the results of the second M.B., B.S., D.M.R.E. & M. Com. Examinations, held in October 1950.

(1) Second M.B.B.S. Examination: Nos.:—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39 42 44 45 46 47 49 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 86 88 89 92 94 95 96 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 115 116 117 119 120 121 122 123 124.

Result of candidate No. 43 will be declared later.

D.M.R.E. Examination: The following candidates have passed the examination:—

WHOLE EXAMINATION: No. 1.

PASSED IN PART I ONLY: No. 3.

M.COM. EXAMINATION: The following candidates have passed the examination: Nos:—1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 12 14 15 17 18 19 21 22 23.

To Jail For The 19th Time

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 16 (UPI).—Abdul Kadar, an ex-jail bird, who proudly stated that he had been to prison 18 times, was sent to jail for the 19th time by the Special Railway Magistrate today. It was stated that he was trying to pick a pocket at the Railway station when he was caught.

The Magistrate sentenced him to imprisonment for two months, or furnish a security of Rs. 75 for good behaviour.

HANDCUFFING OF ANTI-SOCIALS DISAPPROVED

Mr. Saraiya Criticises Detention Of Control Rules Offenders

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Strong disapproval of a State Government's action in handcuffing and parading through the streets persons who were suspected of anti-social activities was voiced by Mr. R. G. Saraiya, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, at the third quarterly general meeting of the Chamber today.

Mr. Saraiya asserted that this action was contrary to all established principles of jurisprudence, whereby a person was presumed to be innocent till he was proved guilty of the offence with which he stood charged.

He also criticised the use of the Preventive Detention Act against persons who were suspected of offences against the various control measures.

RISE IN PRICES

Referring to the continued rise in prices, Mr. Saraiya observed that unless effective measures were taken to arrest this rising trend, irreparable damage would result to the economy of India.

The only effective way to combat inflation, he pointed out, was to step up production, which could be achieved by creating an atmosphere of comparative freedom for the operation of private enterprise. For this purpose, it would also be necessary for Government to undertake an objective and dispassionate survey of all the factors, both internal and external, which influenced the price structure of commodities, he declared.

CO-ORDINATION

Mr. Saraiya emphasised the need for co-ordination between the Centre and the States in the matter of policies affecting industry. He regretted the action taken by some State Governments in nationalising road transport and electricity undertakings, for he was of the opinion that this action was bound to have an unfavourable impact on the private sector of the country's economy.

In conclusion, he said that, while he was in complete agreement with the recommendations of the Import Control Enquiry Committee, it would have been better if the Committee had suggested more positive measures for the disposal of complaints received from the public regarding the import control administration and the practical difficulties experienced by the applicants for import licences.

Mr. Madanmohan R. Ruia, Vice-President of the Chamber, Speaking after the President, placed the blame for the artificial scarcity of cloth and the lack of full-fledged trading activity in cotton on the cloth and cotton controls respectively. He, however, congratulated Government on their efforts in regard to supplies of raw cotton to the textile industry.

Referring to the bonus awards, Mr. Ruia stressed the need of formulating guiding principles.

Export Duty On Cotton: All-India Body's Plea

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The All-India Exporters' Association has telegraphed a request to the Government of India that if any export duty is to be imposed on cotton textiles, as rumoured, Government should meet trade representatives for an informal discussion before taking final decision.

Since the decontrol of export prices, price levels in foreign countries are already on international parity, and cotton textiles will, therefore be incapable of bearing any further burden, the telegram said.

It added, "it would be unfortunate to repeat the previous experiment of 1947, which resulted in a steep decline of our exports in cotton textiles". It would also "shake the confidence of overseas buyers, resulting in loss of international goodwill".

Centenary Of J.J.P.B. Institute

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sir Jamshedji Jeejibhoy Parsee Benevolent Institute celebrated its inaugural centenary function at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan under the presidency of Bombay's Governor Mr. Maharaj Singh today.

Inaugurating the function Mr. Maharaj Singh said that it was a unique occasion inasmuch as it "represented a hundred years' excellent educational and benevolent work." Praising the good work done by the Institute in the city and State of Bombay he said that it was started in the days when such institutions were rare, not only in this country but also in the world. He complimented the heads and staff of "this time-honoured and venerable institute" for its fine work.

He announced a personal donation of Rs. 300 to the Centenary Fund. He disclosed that an anonymous Parsee gentleman in a letter to him has made a gift of 100 blankets, 100 cotton sheets and a quantity of other linen to the Assam Relief Fund.

Sir Jamshedji Jeejibhoy welcoming the Governor said that though the schools of the Institute must be run "strictly in accordance with the terms of their respective Trust Deeds", the Institute was "absolutely national in its outlook" and that it was moving with the times.

An interesting variety entertainment programme by the children of the Institute was presented on the occasion. Most pleasing items were the Indian dances, Hindi play and the Kathiawadi Ras.

I.A.F. CHIEF FLIES OVER TELANGANA

Air Support To Police In Anti-Red Drive

SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 16 (UPI): Air-Marshal Ronald Ivelaw-Chapman, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Air Force flew this morning over the disturbed areas in Telangana, with a view to ascertaining if air reconnaissance of the jungle-infested country was possible as an aid to the police operating against the Communists. He was accompained by Capt. V. Naniappa, I. C. S., Special Commissioner, Disturbed Areas, who acted as his guide and pointed out the dark thick forests where the communists are believed to have their hideouts.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Kartik Shud 8, 2007
Muslim: Safar 6, 1370
Parsi Khordad 16, 1320
Sunrise 6-47 a.m., Sunset 6-0 p.m.
Hightide 05-56, 18-32 Lowtide —, 13-00

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: The Lodge will celebrate its 21st anniversary by holding a special meeting in its hall today (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. in Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

TODAY'S RADIO

FRIDAY, NOV. 17

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Assamese 7 a.m., 1 p.m. Bengali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9. Gujerati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m., 6-10, 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m., 3-15, Hindi 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m., 8 Punjabi 8-30 a.m., 8-15. Marathi 8-30 a.m., Tamil 8-15. Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7. Urdu 9 a.m., 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244m.—7-30 Subhashita 07-35 Mangal smaran 07-40 Programme 07-45 Hindi by radio 08-15 P Solunkurkar, kh. 13-40 London Symp. Orch. 16-20 School broadcast 17-30 Radha Mundkar, kh. vilambit 17-45 A R Oza, G songs 18-10 G Kornad, violin 18-30 P Solunkurkar, kh. and thumri 19-00 A R Oza, G songs 19-10 Locals 19-30 Radha Mundkar, kh. eman 19-45 For industrial workers 20-30 Letters' replies 20-45 A Kanakia, poetry recitation, G 21-15 R Mundkar. kh. N. Kanada 21-30 King of swing 21-40 C D Broad, history of science 22-00 J Fina and his orcn.

VARIATIONS: 353m.—08-00 G Karnad, violin 08-45 P Solankurkar, M songs 12-45 Tantrakari 13-00 Abhang and pad 13-50 Ragrang 17-45 W Narayanrao, K songs 18-00 N Jadhav and party, powada 18-20 For villages in M and at 18-50 in K 19-20 Sundra Bai, H bhajan 19-30 Commercial news 20-15 Hindi lessons, M 20-30 K S Daundkar, talk on "vakeel", M 20-45 Month's song, M 21-00 P Solankurkar, H songs 21-30 Dr. R K Varma's roopak "Aurangzeb-ki-akhiri raat" H 22-00 G Karnad, violin

BARODA

250m.—07-50 Pratahsmaran 08-15 M songs 08-30 Roshan Khambata, kh. v.d. 18-20 Roshan Khambata, khayal 18-30 For rural listeners 19-00 Hindi lessons 19-15 D Mankad's G talk 19-30 For children, G 20-00 G garbas 20-10 Locals 20-30 Variety 21-15 Roshan Khambata, light vocal music 21-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

326.1m.—07-55 Prahsmaran 08-15 V R Athavale, cl. 08-30 Sabrang 18-20 As in Baroda 18-30 B Chandarana, folk songs 18-45 Diwadandi 19-00 Hindi lessons 19-15 As in Baroda 19-30 For industrial workers 20-00 Locals 20-05 B Chandarana, folk songs 20-30 Folk songs 20-45 R Khan, sarangi 21-15 A Karimkhan 21-30 "Sneh sambhram" adaptation of K M Munshi's social play.

Depression In Bay Of Bengal

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 16 (PTI).—The following is the daily weather summary for Thursday, November 16, 1950:

A depression has formed in the southwest Bay of Bengal with its centre this morning about 220 miles south-east of Madras. It is likely to intensify and move initially northwest or north-northwest.

In association with the depression, rainfall has been widespread in Tamilnad and Travancore-Cochin and has occurred locally in coastal Andhradesa. A few showers have also been reported from Orissa and Malabar-South Kanara.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in Vindhya Pradesh, West Uttar Pradesh and the northern divisions of Madhya Bharat. They were appreciably above normal in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal and Orissa.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL FRIDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in North Tamilnad, coastal Andhradesa and Orissa and occur locally in Gangetic West Bengal and Travancore-Cochin. A few falls of rain are also likely in South Tamilnad, Rayalaseema, Mysore, East Hyderabad, southeast Madhya Pradesh, Chota Nagpur, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Assam.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in and near coastal Andhradesa during the next 48 hours.

The following is the weather chart: Ahmedabad 89 63 0 0 minus 0.4, Ahmednagar 88 64 0 1.6 minus 1.4, Allahabad 78 57 0 0 minus 2.5, Bangalore 71 62 0 14.2 plus 6.2, Baroda 90 60 0 0 minus 2.4, Belgaum 83 56 0 8.4 plus 2.3, BOMBAY 93 72 0 1.4 minus 1.6, Calcutta 86 69 0 9.7 plus 4.5, Delhi 80 48 0 0 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 58 0 2.1 minus 1.3, Lucknow 84 59 0 0.1 minus 1.3, Madras 77 70 2.6 11.6 minus 8.5, Mahabaleshwar 75 58 0 8.8 plus 1.6, Mysore 78 64 0 7.5 minus 0.3, Nagpur 87 59 0 5 minus 2.3, Patna 83 60 0 minus 2.5, Poona 88 57 0 2.8 minus 1.6, Sholapur 91 61 0 3.0 minus 1.0, Simla 54 42 0 0.3 minus 1.2, — 72 0 0 minus 1.7.

Heavy Rains In Madras

MADRAS, November 16 (PTI): Madras city has been experiencing heavy rains since last night. The sky was overcast this evening though the rain had stopped in the afternoon. The city recorded 3.5 inches of rain upto 8 a.m. today.

Development Of Forest Labourers' Societies

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The joint conference of the representatives of the Sponsoring Bodies and the members of the Committee for planning the development of forest labourers' co-operative societies, which was inaugurated at noon today Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister, devoted its deliberations to the discussion of duties and responsibilities of the Sponsoring Bodies in respect of supervision over the affairs of the forest labourers' co-operative societies.

The Conference approved the draft of the duties and responsibilities of the Sponsoring Bodies.

Custodian's Notification Set Aside

BOMBAY, Thursday.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Abdul Baki Moosa ..... Petitioner vs.

R. V. Deshmukh, Deputy Custodian of Evacuee Property and another ..... Respondents.

His Lordship granted a Writ under section 226 of the Constitution setting aside a Notification dated January 9, 1950, declaring the petitioner's business as evacuee property.

The petitioner carried on business in silks and jari in partnership with his three brothers.

The partnership was dissolved and the petitioner's brothers left for Pakistan, after assigning their shares to the petitioner.

On 3rd January 3, 1950, a notice was issued against the petitioner which did not state the grounds under which proceedings were to be taken against him as an evacuee. The Deputy Custodian, after hearing the petitioner, declared his business as evacuee property On January 9, 1950, a notification was issued declaring the whole of the petitioner's business as evacuee property.

The petitioner's appeal to the Custodian having proved infructuous, the petitioner applied to the High Court for a Writ to quash the notification.

JUDGMENT

His Lordship held that in so far as the notice issued against the petitioner did not specify the grounds on which proceedings were to be taken against him as an evacuee and the provisions of law relating thereto, there was a failure to follow the procedure prescribed by the Evacuee Rules which amounted to excess of jurisdiction on the part of the Deputy Custodain. His lordship, therefore, granted the Writ prayed for and set aside the notification of January 9, 1950, quash the petitioner's 1/4 share.

Mr. A. A. Peerbhoy with Mr. C. J. Shah instructed by Messrs. Jani and Merchant appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. G. N. Joshi instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the respondents.

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The Height Of Indian Film Technique Is Reached In

B. T.'s

MAHAL

Ashok Kumar & Madhubala

At

ROXY

3, 6-15 & 9-15

Ad Bkgs. 9 to 1 & 3-30 to 8

Also at LIDO

* * * * * * * * * * * *

The Pulse Of The City

FATALLY STABBED: A mill-hand was fatally stabbed by some unknown persons on the Kesar Baug Road. The assailant is still at large. A hair cutting saloon proprietor was also stabbed on St. Xavier Road Wednesday night. His condition is precarious. Investigations are proceeding

"HOLY MAN": Syed Mohammed Abdullah alias Pirsaheb alias Sian Baba claiming limitless psychic powers was approached by an ex-official of the Reserve Bank for getting his niece treated for epilepsy. The ex-official made presents to the 'Holy Man' worth Rs. 5,900. The 'Holy Man' was put behind the bars by the police for alleged cheating but later released on bail.

NO MORE WORRIES: The steward of a ship, now lying in the Bombay Docks, ended his life Wednesday night by cutting his throat. In a letter left behind, the deceased stated that matrimonial worries lead him to commit the ghastly act.

WARRANT ISSUED: Warrants of arrest were issued against the ten servants of a hotel who had been discharged by the proprietor some days back for defying the C.P.M.'s order prohibiting picketing the shop pending settlement of the dispute by the Assistant Labour Commissioner

POSED AS SADHU: A woman shopkeeper of Duncan road carrying Rs. 500 for making some purchases for her shop refused alms to a person dressed as a sadhu. Soon after another man approached the woman and told her that the 'sadhu' was a great man and asked alms of these persons only whom he took a liking to and wanted to shower his blessings. Taken in by the story the woman offered some alms to the 'sadhu' who refused to accept them.

As the woman was walking away she was taken aback when the 'sadhu' snatched away the bag from her. The 'chela' was arrested but the 'sadhu' is still untraced.

English Films This Week

Macdonald Carey and Maureen O'Hara in "Comanche Territory".

"Comanche Territory" Full Of Colour And Action

ANOTHER epic of the pioneering West takes the screen at the Eros theatre, Universal-International's "Comanche Territory", a film depicting the life of Jim Bowie, intrepid frontiersman and hunter, and the man who invented the double-edged hunting knife which bears his name.

Most of the film is pure unallowed thrills, and will prove very entertaining not only to youngsters but to all who appreciate a rousing tale of the old west. There are several thundering Indian battles, and for once the Red Indian is not pictured as a villain, for the indomitable Jim Bowie is on their side. In fact, it is only through his intervention that the Comanches are saved from extinction, when they are treacherously attacked by a group of renegade whites.

Maureen O'Hara scintillates in Technicolor, but she has a rather two-faced role, being seen as a frontier Delilah. However, she makes amends in the final scenes, when she is instrumental in rushing in a wagon of firarms to aid the Indians in their battle. The direction is well up to standard, and brings out all the colourful pagentry of the wild and untamed west. Many figures that are famous in Western lore are there, such as Sam Huston, Dan Seeger the Indian Scout, and many many others. The colour photography is first rate, and altogether this is a very acceptable film indeed.

The stellar roles are in the hands of MacDonald Carey, who plays Jim Bowie, and Maureen O'Hara, who is the sister of an outlaw who is out for the blood of the Redskin. The film has been directed by George Sherman and produced with plenty of colour by Leonard Goldstein.

Sombre Drama On Vendetta

Gene Kelly has all along specialised in musical comedy. His nimble feet have won him a well deserved place near the top of the ladder in this type of screenfare. But MGM's latest release at the Metro, "Black Hand" marks a departure for Kelly, and provides him the opportunity to indulge in some straight acting for a change.

Actually the film is a rather grim affair, being all about the dreaded secret society of the Black Hand which terrorised the early Italian immigrants in New York. Kelly is the son of one of their early victims, and devotes the rest of his life to the destruction of the forces of evil. In process of doing this he gets horribly beaten up, slashed on the face with a knife, and has his legs broken.

It is rather surprising that he is still alive at the end, but he manages to survive and blows up the thugs with one of their own bombs. The atmosphere of the film is authentic enough, and there are vivid portrayals that show how an entire section of the population can be terror-stricken if a few hoodlums get away with their pressure tactics.

Apart from Kelly, the acting honours belong to veteran J. Carroll Naish, who has a made-to-order role as the Italian detective who is out to smash the gang, and gets a bullet in his back when he goes after the crooks in their home territory. Teresa Celli, who plays Gene's sweetheart, appears a little stilted, but possibly that is only a case of stage fright, for this is her first screen appearance. There is plenty of action in the film and quite a few thrills, but on the whole it proves a trifle disappointing. Those who go in for sinister characters on the screen will, however, be pleased with this one.

Teresa Celli in "The Black Hand".

BARODA SAVINGS BANK SCHEME

Depositors To Note

BOMBAY Thursday.

The Baroda Savings Bank Scheme is being taken over by the Postal Department; but there are certain accounts of the depositors under the scheme which are inadmissible under the postal Rules and cannot therefore, be taken over by the Postal Department

The accounts in the names of the Presidents or Secretaries of Municipalities or Panchayats, Joint accounts and accounts carrying a balance of over Rs. 10,000 or less than Rs. 2 are inadmissible under the Postal Rules.

The depositors whose accounts cannot be accepted by the Post Offices are therefore requested to withdraw money from the respective treasury offices with interest up to the date of payment and clear the accounts within one month from November 14, 1950, after which the interest will cease to accrue.

VEHICULAR TRAFFIC REGULATION

BOMBAY, Thursday.

No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt, except for immediate purpose of picking up or setting down passengers between 9 a.m. and 12 noon on the west side and between 5 p.m and 8 p.m. on the east side of Cowasji Patel Tank Road from its function with Vithalbhai Patel Road and Falkland Road, states a press note issued by the Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay.

ICFTU MISSION: Mr Dhyan Mungat of India, Asian representative of the International Conference of Free Trade Unions on November 16 arrived in Korea on a fact-finding Mission.

MAGIC SHOW COMES TO TOWN

At the age of 36, P. C. Sorcar is already a world famous figure in his chosen field. The greatest recognition that can come to a magician has been accorded him, by his colleagues in the profession, for he is the only one to have won the Sphinx Award on two occasions. This is an addition to the numerous other awards that he has gained from time to time in his career.

Completely original, and a past master in the difficult art of showmanship, Sorcar has a vivid personality which he puts over the footlights with consummate ease. A man who can fool audiences as completely as Sorcar does must be quite a character. He is appearing this week at the Regal along with his entire troupe in a colourful show that promises to be just the thing to amaze, amuse and completely mystify the most vigilant.

When he was playing in Calcutta, Sorcar got a great hand from all sections of the public, and his show ran for five crowded weeks. Bombay is likely to add to his numerous laurels.

Medieval Thriller Stays On

Warner's spectacular romantic adventure of the Middle Ages, "The Flame and the Arrow" is being held over for the third week at the Strand cinema due to the record crowds that have been thronging the theatre the whole of the last week. The stellar parts are capably handled by Burt Lancaster and Virginia Mayo, and the film is a vivid account of a medieval revolt of the Lombards against their overlords the Hessians. As an epic of screen entertainment, this film is definitely above the average.

STILL A HOT FAVOURITE

Samson and Delilah are still going from strength to strength at the New Empire theatre, where the Cecil B. De Mille Biblical epic now enters its eighth week. The crowds are still as large as ever, and if the present pace keeps up, it is reasonably certain that the film will go ten weeks or beyond. Produced on a magnificent scale and replete with plenty of action, the film is outstanding in every respect and is well worth visiting more than once. Victor Mature and the glamorous Hedy Lamarr have the title roles, and George Sanders is outstanding as the prince of the Phillistines.

"NEPAL DAY" IN CITY

Mr. M. R. Dandavate, Secretary, Socialist Party (Bombay), writes:

In response to the directive of the General Secretary of the Socialist Party, the Bombay branch of the party will observe Sunday November 19, as "Nepal Day" to demonstrate the appreciation of the citizens, of the glorious uprising in Nepal against the autocratic feudal regime in that country. A procession will be taken out from Kamgar Maidan at 2-30 p.m. It will terminate in a public meeting at Chowpatty at 6 p.m.

"We exhort the citizens to rally in large numbers and demonstrate their unflinching solidarity with the people of Nepal who are fighting under the banner of the Congress the living and vibrant symbol of peoples will to freedom and democracy in that land."

Precision, a scene from Ice Revue which to be presented today.

Thrill Of A Lifetime

MAGNIFICENT ICE PAGEANT APPEARING AT EXCELSIOR

STAGE shows are not a rarity in India, but this is the first time that an Ice-revue has come to this country. The mere fact that films showing scenes of skating have been so popular in the past gives promise that Bombay will turn out 'en masse' to witness this spectacular and novel enterprise.

The spade work that was necessary to produce this revue was enormous. For one thing, an entire ice-plant had to be imported into the country. It was supplied by "Sabroe" a Danish firm with vast experience of erecting ice-rinks in the tropics.

The entire stage had first to be covered with a sheeting of cork; on top of this pipes were laid and covered by tarpaulins. Then a three inch thick layer of ice was artificially created by continuous spraying with water. Four refrigeration plants had to be set up in order to make sure that there was no breakdown of the ice-crust while the show was in progress.

The entire Excelsior Theatre has had to be renovated for the Ice Show which opened there last night. The cast of this show consists of world famous artists. Elvire Collin and Fernand Leamans were the winners of the world championship in pair skating last year. Their grace and precision are a byword in European countries, and this versatile pair have earned tremendous applause wherever they have performed.

Michelin Flon is also a well known figure, and was one of the outstanding skaters in Tom Arnold's Ice Show in London. There are also several other acts and the whole performance is likely to be one of the most outstanding of this or any year.

The Ice Revue brings along its entire electric equipment and stage decorations and over 600 colourful costumes. There will be a full fledged orchestra in attendance, and the baton will be handled by a musician who has been specially brought over for this event. There will be two shows a day at the Excelsior Theatre, at 6-30 p.m. and 9-30 p.m., and everyone should take good care to see that they do not miss so novel and breathtaking a spectacle.

NEW EMPIRE
Daily 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p.m.

Extra Morning Show Sunday At 10 At Evening Rates.
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STRAND
Where There's Always a Good Show
Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 P.M.
3rd CROWDED WEEK!
The Greatest Adventure The Screen Has Ever Known!

Sunday 10-30 a.m. KISMET
ASHOK KUMAR MUMTAZ SHANTI.

* * * * * * * * * * * *
A MIRACLE OF BEAUTY AND GORGEOUS SPECTACLE
On Stage!
35 WORLD FAMOUS ARTISTES
DOZENS OF GORGEOUS GIRLS
LAVISH NUMBERS ON SKATES

THE SCANDINAVIAN
ICE REVUE
(INTERNATIONAL EDITION)
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN INDIA
At The Renovated & Reconditioned
EXCELSIOR
Daily: 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
Admission Rates:
Rs 10 7/8, 5 and 2 plus tax
HEAVY RUSH ON PLANS— BOOK EARLY
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Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Here bullets made the law and arrows broke it!
"COMANCHE TERRITORY"
Technicolor, with
MAUREEN O'HARA, MACDONALD CAREY
Universal-International hit
Also—Thrilling
"COMANCHE DANCE"
on STAGE during interval!
Extra Morning Show on Sunday at 10
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DAILY
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
—Also—SUNDAY At 10 a.m
FOR ADULTS ONLY!

TO-DAY
NEVER BEFORE SUCH A STORY ON THE SCREEN!
NO ONE CAN FORETELL ITS END—
IF YOU DO, YOU ARE A GENIUS!!!
DEVENDRA GOEL'S
ANKHEN
NALINI JAYWANT, SHEKHER, YESHODHARA KATJU
CUCKOO and YAKUB
BROADWAY
BHARAT—Kurla
KASTURBA—Malad
ALLWYN—Kalyan
RENOVATED & REFURNISHED.
SUPER
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30

The Bombay Chronicle

THE ACID TEST

The debate on the Indian resolution in the U. N. Political Committee on the question of Indians in South Africa is serving a useful purpose. For it is bursting the veneer of democratic and human idealism with which so many spokesmen and representatives of white peoples and countries had ill-concealed their racial realities. This is not unwelcome. It is ever so much better that hypocrosies should stand exposed than remain hidden in purdah. Paradoxically, it is the leader of the White South African delegation who has, in a sense, rendered that service. India placed before the U. N. Political Committee the question of racial discrimination against Indians in South Africa, demanding U. N. decision on it and U. N. action to implement it. Dr. Donges simplified the issue for the United Nations while arguing in favour of the question being a matter of domestic jurisdiction in which the United Nations had no right to interfere. Shrimati Vijayalakshmi Pandit had invoked the Declaration of Human Rights and the United Nations Charter. Dr. Donges proceeded to crush and demolish the Indian case by asserting that "Human rights and freedoms are not defined in the charter". Can it mean then that there can be any alternative definition of human rights and freedoms than that human beings cannot be subjected to a denial of rights and freedom as human beings by fellow-human beings? This question is adequate and conclusive enough for that part of Dr. Donges' plea.

As to the Declaration of Human Rights, Dr. Donges urged: "If the United Nations can deal with human rights of a particular State, it also has competence to deal with the economic, social and health conditions of that particular State". What this means obviously is that the United Nations has no business rights of human beings as units of a common humanity and that in any country a section of human beings can be condemned to inhuman and unhuman status and treatment by another section of human beings in the same country in the name of sovereign rights—whose sovereign rights, though?—and domestic jurisdiction. And since the world happens to be divided up into States with as Dr. Donges argues, domestic jurisdiction over rights of men as men, the United Nations has no use, no purpose, no function, in fact it has no reason for existence at all.

But we mustn't forget the Greek delegate whose great argument against India and for White South Africa was that a country must not be harassed and harried which has sent one air squadron to fight the battles of the United Nations in Korea. If pressed and able to find anything to say, he would probably have urged that the only raison d'etre of the United Nations was to preserve and, indeed, enforce peace everywhere in the world. Assuming for a moment that the question raised by India does not ultimately affect the problem of world peace, what the Greek delegate was advocating was the duty of preserving and ensuring a peace under which one group of human beings is enabled in peace and freedom to impose anti-human status and conditions of living on other groups in the same country on the basis of colour. In other words, the purpose and function of the United Nations is to establish peace so that there should flourish in the world not human equality, freedom, progress and happiness but—racial discrimination of the most outragrous kind. This is the choice forced upon the United Nations Organisation, this is the issue plainly put before U.N. to pronounce on by South Africa and supporters of South Africa themselves.

Overdoing It

The thinly veiled insinuations that the Government is not interested in seeing that the elections are fairly run, go well past what might be regarded as good taste in politics. It has all the appearance of an elaborate preparation in anticipation of failure at the polls; and most of the opposition groups who are so vigorously denouncing the Government, have not even the hope of setting up sufficient candidates to achieve a majority assuming — and it is a tall assumption — that all of them will be elected. It is easy to place the blame for inadequate public response on the shoulders of the other candidates and their more powerful party. But there must be some sense of fair play in politics, however desperate one might feel about it. Even before the elections are held, to start propaganda that they will not be fairly run is the worst form of political exploitation that can be thought of. We are surprised that a publicist of the experience of Dr Shyama Prasad Mukherjee should have indulged in this. What is equally strange is that he did not bother to give specific instances and to mention what he had done to rectify the malpractices. It must be remembered that this kind of game can be played by more than one party and, if confidence in the election arrangements is once sapped, then it will take long to restore.

Nothing that has been said so far by the critics of the election authorities can be regarded as indicating failure to rectify mistakes. No one has said that a bad arrangement has been brought to the notice of the authorities but no action has been taken to meet the objection. In the circumstances, it is deplorable that reckless allegations should be made and every effort attempted to discredit the results of the voting well in advance. It is not a course of conduct that will do much good to the opposition parties, even if it tends to an undermining of faith in the political party in power. There have been all manner of stunts in other countries to win an election but this Indian innovation is as sensible as the man's attempt to saw a bough off a tree whilst he was sitting on it. There are certain basic assumptions that one must accept in a democratic system and refusal to do so can only bring about a stalemate. The Government has taken every care to assure the public that the scales will be held even between the various parties. The proper course for all now is to help in ensuring fairplay and to exert themselves to bring any defects to notice promptly and in a concrete manner. Those who persist in being generally afraid of what will be done to manipulate the elections, may wisely desist from politics and pursue some less strenuous interest.

A Leaf In The Storm

The great formula of dialectical materialism—thesis, antithesis and synthesis—is incontrovertible; nowhere more so than in the realm of pudency. All that is necessary is a modicum of intelligence in order to apply the general principle to particular instances. When we read that the masterpieces of the world offended the puritanism of the Italian Government, the idea fig-leaf sprang unbidden to our mind. Thesis, antithesis, synthesis—nude statues, puritanism, fig-leaves—the triangle is complete. Lesser mortals might have thought of dealing more fiercely with the statues but the aesthetic Italians appreciate that art is long and prudery is fleeting. Fig leaves are temporal and temporary, renewable or removable at need. In short, they are like our clothes, only more so. It will be the first reaction of a people rendered unnecessarily touchy by the liquor restrictions here to jump to the conclusion that another Government has gone off its head. But there is another basis for the Italian move which, in case it has not been thought of in Rome, we proceed to give. Nudity has been for some reason unknown the everlasting mystic symbol of immortality. It can be asserted of the individuals carved in stone or cast in bronze in the past—we are not competent to speak of Epstein's art—that with clothes on they would have appeared just one of us oddly dressed. A world that has ceased to hold fast to one hero for long, needs to be reminded not of the immortality of man but of the perishability of all things. What can do this better than fig-leaves?

There is a story, apocryphal we hasten to add, about a distinguished leader who had to function at an art show. The gentleman, was received by the organisers and before the fun began, given a preview of the exhibits. With wrinkled forehead, the guest of honour passed from nude painting to nude statue. It is the tragedy of public life in this country that a clever politician must be an expert on every subject. But mustering the necessary courage, he turned to one of the less forbidding of the long-haired tribe which had surrounded him and asked, "Tell me, why are artists always depicting the--er—human form? There must be some reason for it." Faced by an obvious philistine, the aesthete gulped twice and greatly daring in his own eyes blurted out, "But, Sir, from time immemorial the human form has been regarded as a thing of beauty—it is so obvious that we can think of nothing else when we wish to portray Beauty." The visitor gave the man a pitying look and said, "If that is so, we must begin changing the ways of artists so that they may sin no more".

We were aghast to read the other day that Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru had asked us to cultivate the aesthetic sense—if the phrase is not a contradiction in thought. Here is a corruption of the best which is the worst. In several parts of this vast city, we have seen a careless and ignorant people light-heartedly feeding fig-leaves (of the wild uncultivated fig-tree) to goats, of all brutes, with their traditional reputation for—well, goatiness. Rome once more has led the way. We have only ourselves to blame if we fail to conserve our fig-leaves for the legitimate job that awaits them and—us: and, going one better, to ease the problem of cloth consumption at home and exportation abroad.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov. 16 (UPI).—Even in the art of love-making, the Chinese have a formula, Mr. Heah Joo Siang, President of the Penang Peoples' Education Association, declared here.

For a successful suitor, the first essential was wealth, he said. The second factor was fate, and the third beauty and youth.

"If you do not succeed, try calling often", Mr. Heah advised. "The next step is to be a sycophant, then a parasite. As a lost resort, kneel down and beg."

* * *

Speaking on the President's Address Shri Balkrishna Sharma confessed in Parliament that sceptics of the Nehru-Liaquat Pact like nimself would now be convinced that the Prime Minister had been right.

Loud and indignant groans—we trust—from Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee and brothers-in-crusading-arms.

* * *

And, of course, Dr. Mookerjee orated for one hour on those wings of imagination which he never fails and which never fail him.

For instance he discovered that the migration figures showed that Hindus, now returning at the net rate of 2,000 daily to East Bengal, feel convinced that they cannot live in East Bengal.

* * *

From there Dr. Mookerjee naturally jet-propelled himself all over the country and sighting Kashmir, demanded a declaration of Government in regard to that state saying there could not be a state of friendliness with Pakistan over a virtual state of war in Kashmir.

Ought there, therefore, to be started a virtual state of throughout?

* * *

Referring in the U.N. Political Committee to the correspondence between India and South Africa, Shrimati Vijayalakshmi said: "Regarding the U.N. Charter and the Declaration of human Rights the Union Government maintained that these could in no way be accepted as a determining factor in any treatment of the subject under discussion."

This rubbing in must have hurt many tender white skins.

* * *

Arguing against the Indian resolution in the U.N. Political Committee, Dr. Donges, the South African White, insisted that "if the United Nations can deal with human rights of a particular State, it also has the competence to deal with the economic, social and health conditions of the particular state."

Clearly, therefore, human rights are 'ultra vires' of the United Nations even though it might raise the question: what on earth is 'intra vires' of the U.N. at all?

* * *

Mr. Moodie of Australia said the Australian delegation had come to the conclusion that "it can support the contention of the South African delegation that this is a matter in which the U.N. has no jurisdiction."

We can well believe Mr. Moodie. In fact, if the Australian delegation didn't support the white South African delegation, which other white delegation would?

* * *

At a press conference in Seoul, South Korean President, Dr. Syngman Rhee said the present military activity in Korea and Tibet "may lead to world war three" and added that if the Soviet Union sincerely wanted peace, she should recognise this.

Hadn't Dr. Rhee set an example by recognising a number of things himself?

THE LION OF THE PUNJAB

By Dr. Gopichand Bhargava

LALA LAJPAT RAI was a towering figure of his generation. His was a dynamic personality, which has left its impress on our social, educational and political life. Twentytwo years ago, he departed from us on this day (Nov. 17), as a result of physical injury received at the hands of the representatives of an insolent Imperialist system.

While he was being beaten by the police sergeants on the occasion of the protest procession, against the Simon Commission, Lalaji uttered the famous words which proved prophetic: "Every blow hurled at us is a nail struck in the coffin of the British Empire."

HUMBLE ORIGIN

Lalaji was a self-made man and rose to the highest place in our national life by virtue of his many-sided genius. His origin like those of many great men, were humble. He was born in 1865 at a small village called Dhadki near Jagraon in Ludhiana district, his father, Lala Radha Kishen, being a school master and his grand father, village Patwari.

Lalaji showed very early those great qualities of head and heart, which later won him world fame. By all standards, he was a very precocious child. After a very distinguished educational career, he established himself as a lawyer, first at Hissar and later finding this place too small for the ever-widening compass of his public activities he shifted to Lahore in the nineties of the last centuries.

ARYA SAMAJ

It must be noted that Lalaji first entered public life as an educationist and a social reformer. At a very early age, he developed love for the Arya Samaj and for its great founder, Rishi Dayanand Saraswati. Amongst the numerous writings of Lalaji, is a biography of Swami Dayanand Saraswati—a handy and neat account of the life and philosophy of that great teacher.

By the beginning of this century, Lala Lajpat Rai had come to occupy an important place in the public life of the Punjab. He devoted much of his time and money to the cause of the Arya Samaj and the spread of education in the province, while simultaneously, he was being influenced by political developments in the Punjab and the country as a whole Lalaji was a great lover of books and he liked in particular biographies of great men, who had shaped history. About this time he wrote in Urdu the biographies of Mazzini, and Garibaldi, the Italian patriots and there is no doubt that his own life was considerably influenced by the exploits of these great men. Lalaji's writings became a source of great inspiration for the youth of the country. He had been taking some interest in the Congress movements for some years and at the Benares Congress (1905) he was already the recognised leader of the advanced wing.

WITH TILAK

Lala Lajpat Rai found a common spirit in Bal Gangadhar Tilak, who then occupied a dominating place in the Congress. At the Calcutta session of the Congress held next year, Lalaji exercised rather a moderating influence on the extremists led by Tilak. Gokhale himself admitted that it was Lala Lajpat Rai who saved the situation at Calcutta. The bubble then burst at Surat in 1907, which led to the clash between the moderates and the extremists and resulted in split in the Congress.

During 1906 the Punjab was agitated due to the agrarian agitation in the Lyallpur Canal Colonies. Lalaji took no active part in the anti-canal colonies act agitation, but his smypathies were with the sufferers. He at this time vigorously preached patriotism and Swadeshi in numerous meetings throughout the province.

The Government regarded Lallaji as a dangerous firebrand and decided to deport him to Mandalay. This deportation of Lalaji in 1907 opened a new chapter in his life. It also became a land-mark in the nationalist movement throughout the country. The Government, however, soon realised its mistake and Lalaji was allowed to return to India. From now onward he became the idol of the nation and till his last moment continued to occupy the top place in the galaxy of national leadership.

Lalaji travelled extensively in Europe, America and Japan and throughout kept in touch with political developments in India. He was filled with admiration for Gandhiji, who was fast rising on Indian horizon as a leader with an elevating message for the rejuvenation of not only India but the whole humanity .Lalji maintained extensive correspondence with Mahatma Gandhi and exechanged ideas with him on various problems concerning the country.

REVOLUTIONARY ROLE

Lala Lajpat Rai returned to India in time to preside over the Calcutta Congress (1920). Lalaji delivered a stirring presidential address and reviewed at length the various aspects of India's struggle for freedom. "The country", he declared, "is at the present moment in the throes of a momentous struggle. The Anglo-Indian press has designated it as revolutionary. There are many people to whom the word "revolution" is like a red rag to a bull. I am not one of them—words do not scare me. It is no use blinking the fact that we are passing through a revolutionary period, nay, we are already in the grip of a mighty revolution, a comprehensive and all covering one, religious, intellectual, moral, educational, social, economic and political."

The part which Lala Lajpat Rai himself played in the life of the country was truly a revolutionary one. He was a man with most original ideas and had a rugged individuality but his fiery and enthusiastic nature brought him in the forefront of every movement aimed at the political freedom of the country.

GUIDE AND ADVISER

I first came into contact with Lala Lajpat Rai on his return from America in 1920 and after that since his death in 1928 remained closely associated with him. During this period Lalaji dominated the political life of the province as nobody did before or has done since. He embodied in himself the political aspirations of the Punjabis and men of all schools of thought looked upon him for guidance and advice. During this period band of enthusiastic young men gathered around him which became the nucleus of Servants of People Society. Lalaji established the Tilak School of politics, which along with the People Weekly and the Dwarka Dass Library became the centres of political thought and activities in the province. The Servants of People Society trained many leaders amongst whom is our present President of the Indian Congress—Babu Purshottam Das Tandon.

Lala Lajpat Rai was not a follower of any particular school of politicians, and owed allegiance to no particular party. He might be correctly described as combining in himself the religious fire of Vivekanand and Dayanand, the moral fervour of Gandhi and Tagore, the political vision of Tilak and Aurobindo Ghosh, the practical genius of Naoroji, Ranade and Gokhale. He preached the cause of his country with the ardour and religious zeal of a missionary. He laboured for its poor and depressed as only a patriot could. He sacrificed his immense earnings with the readiness of a most generous-hearted and willing philanthropist. He suffered for it obloquy and exile with the con-

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Lesson From Japan

The two members of the Bycycle trade mission from Japan had some revealing information to give. They said that cycle manufacture was a cottage industry in Japan—as many as 1,000 factories turning out all the accessories—and that the country produced 350,000 cycles a month, out of which 200,000 were for home consumption. In India upto now, there was only one cycle manufacturer, and the fact that the Government have now seen it fit to invite foreign manufacturers to run their plants in India shows that they are not impressed with the output of the Indian company. In India, as in Japan, the cycle is a very popular vehicle among the middle classes, and the trade has a ready market. In the past, foreign manufacturers reaped a rich harvest, and they continued to dominate the field in spite of a policy of protection. Why not try the Japanese experiment in India too, and make cycle-making a cottage industry? Cynics might point out that we do not take kindly to cottage industries. Even the magic name of Mahatma Gandhi and the assiduous propaganda he did for it has not placed the Khadi industry on a sound footing, and what little support it has today is due more to patriotic zeal than for economic reasons. But Khadi was never considered an industry—for otherwise there would have been no stipulations about payment in part by yarn, which in fact is detrimental to the industry—but as a means of self-purification. The cycle trade need not be hampered by such ideological consideration, and it may well prosper in places like Mysore where electricity is easily available even in rural areas at competitive rates.

Transplanting Slums

A contemporary gives the heading—'Removal of Slums to Suburbs' to a settlement of Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self Government saying that the efforts were being made by the Government in collaboration with the Bombay Municipality, to remove the slums from the city to the newly merged suburban areas. We only hope that the report is incorrect. If the Government only intends to transplant dirt and misery from the city to the suburbs, the slums may as well stay where they are. It will be a crime to use newly merged areas for the creation of slums. If the poorer section of the city population is to be transferred to this new area, it should be seen that their habitation does not degenerate into congested dirty hovels which most of the slums in the city are. The transfer of these people should be done with imagination and some kind of plan. Here is a chance for both the Government and the municipality to build ideal workers, and labourers' colonies. With the co-operation of large scale employers, it should not be impossible to make a moderate beginning in this urgently needed social reform.

A Buddhist State

Dr. Ambedkar's enthusiasm for Buddhism seems to have caught on in Ceylon, though it has not had the expected support in India where his influence is supposed to be more widespread. But the Ceylonese approach shows that the prologonists are not very much concerned about the spiritual significance of the religion, nor do they seem to be actuated by any great proselytizing zeal which one associates with nascent religious movements. Their goal is more earthy; they want Buddhism to be adopted as the State religion in Ceylon. The Buddha might have called for the renunciation of all desire for material comfort, but his twentieth century admirers are keenly conscious of the advantages which they can attain here and now if the State sponsors their religion. Ceylon is a land of many cultures which have blended to give that beautiful land a distinct individuality. There are many Tamils who have migrated to the island long ago, and though they speak the language of their origin, they cannot be distinguished in any respect from the Ceylonese nationals, and this has been one of the grounds for the objection against the "Ceylonisation" policy of the Government which seeks to find out differences which do not exist. The cry for making Buddhism the official religion might be the beginning of a move to install a new ruling caste in power. One hopes that Ceylon will not go against the modern trend to keep religion strictly away from politics.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Congress And Kripalani

After reading the full text of the speech of Shri Kripalaniji which he delivered before the "Democratic Front", I feel sorry for having worked and voted for him during the recent Congress Presidential elections. From the talk I had with him at Nasik, it was evident that he was contemplating to leave the Congress. For him the Congress became suddenly bad because he was not elected its President. I told him that not even fifty of the delegates who voted for him would leave the organisation. I appealed to his good sense to learn lessons from the blunders which the Muslims committed in 1936 followed by the mistake of the Socialist Party two years back, by quitting the Congress.

Many delegates did not vote for Kripalaniji because of his quarrel with Shree Jawaharlalji when the former was the President of the Congress. From the very beginning it was known that this year the difference in the voting will be very small. Kripalaniji would have got more votes if he would have made up with Jawaharlalji earlier and made this known to the delegates sufficiently in advance authoritatively.

I can say from my personal knowledge that Acharyaji's complaint about interference is unfounded. I could myself freely canvass support in his favour and have voted for him. But I must remind Acharyaji of the unfair tactics adopted by some of his own stalwart supporters. It is dangerous to throw stones on others while sitting in the glass house. If about 1250 delegates had the courage to disregard the alleged threats and dictates of the persons in high positions, certainly a few more could vote for Kripalaniji if they had so wished.

There is not much new in the "charge-sheet" drawn by Kripalaniji. Most of these I had myself been telling him during the periods he was General Secretary and President of the Congress. But Kripalaniji never cared to set the matters right. Perhaps because then it suited his convenience. In fact he allowed himself to be made a willing partner in all that he now "realises to be the crime." Had he discharged his duties then without fear or favour, I am certain, the Congress would have been much healthier and stronger organisation today. Kripalaniji has to own not a small portion of the "guilt." Apart from a few black sheep, from which no organisation is immune, Congress is a great and the best organisation in the country. It will remain sole representative of the Indian masses for very many years to come.

Acharyaji has made a reference to the disciplined party system in the West. At the same time he has conveniently forgotten that no one there, whatever may be his position in the party, leaves the organisation if he is not made a Minister or is defeated in elections.

I would humbly request Acharyaji to take the defeat as sportingly as Shankerraoji has taken. He should not be instrumental in creating more complications for the already disturbed National and Inter-National situation. He will be an asset in the Congress. By leaving it he will on the one hand strengthen the hands of the reactionaries, both inside and outside the Congress, and on the other, he will find himself in wilderness and will become obsolete. Indian masses need the Congress and have enough of commonsense to understand and realise the utility of this great national organisation. I trust that Shri Kripalaniji will appreciate the correct situation before it becomes too late for him to retreat the step from the wrong position in which he is about to be placed by the disgruntled element surrounding him.

—ABID ALI.

Dadar Railway Platform

After many many years some changes are taking place at Dadar (B.B.) Railway station. Demolition, construction repairs are taking place there. But the public do not know what all these are for. Why all of a sudden the furious activities? Do they bode any good to the public and particularly to the passenger public? Well if it iso then the Railway authorities deserve the thanks of passengers whose need for a long time remained neglected. Dadar has become one of the busiest place in every way. The population has grown to ten times what was before war time. It is a junction of both the Railways (B.B. & C.I.P.). Besides the traffic has increased by leaps and bounds. But the convenience and comfort must be placed at the debit side. The local trains are crowded and most of the passengers get down at Dadar for marketing and shopping, for the hospitals, colleges, schools, etc. The platform of the station is too narrow and to add to the discomfort and inconvenience of the passengers station authorities are in the habit of piling luggage and goods parcels on the very narrow platform. Out of the four exit doors, one was recently closed. Out of the remaining three doors one is closed at fixed hours. This is the state of affairs at Dadar station and when the passengers see that some change is taking place they think that it is for the good of the public. Will the Railway authorities take the public into confidence and let them know about the feverish activities which is taking place at the station premises because it is causing a great inconvenience to the public.

—M. S. RAJADHYAX.

Assam Stall

On behalf of my friends and colleagues, please accept my warmest thanks for the splendid coverage you gave to the "Assam Stall" which, as you are aware, was provisionally put up near the entrance to the Mahalaxmi Temple during the two days of Divali, viz., the 9th and 10th November, for the collection of the devotees' contribution to the Assam Governor's Fund.

The total amount collected at the Stall was Rs. 4,568-7-3. You will be glad to know that this figure has now swollen to Rs. 5,129-7-3 which is final. Arrangements are being made to remit this amount to the Assam Governor's Fund through the Navajivan Karyalaya of Ahmedabad.

—DAVE N. J.

U.S. AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION

Highest Since War

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter): United States military aircraft production has reached the highest level since World War II but it is still only a fraction of the wartime peak, industrial sources said today.

A Census Bureau report showed that 3,828,000 pounds (1700 tons) of military aeroplanes were delivered during September. This compared with 2315,000 pounds (1030 tons) in the same month a year ago. The peak of 102,400,000 pounds (45700 tons) was reached in May 1944.

Employer in aeroplane works increased from 166,773 in June, when Korean conflict began, to 191,649 in September.

U.S. COTTON EXPORTS

Additional Allocation Of 1,350,000 Bales

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (UPI): The American Embasy in India has been advised by the United States Department of Agriculture that there will be an increase of 1.350,000 bales in the preliminary and interim U.S. cotton export allocation for the period from August 1, 1950 through March 31, 1951.

A country-by-county breakdown of 750,000 bales of this additional allocation will be announced shortly and the balance will be scheduled around the first of the year when further information is obtained on the general world cotton situation, the access which exporting countries have had to other world supplies, and the relative import needs of those countries which are dependent upon the United States for raw cotton.

HINDUSTANI EXAMINATION: The "Praveen" Examination of the Maharashtra Rashtrabhasha Sabha, Poona, has been recognised by the Government of Bombay as equivalent to the Hindustani Lower Standard Examination held by the Bombay Public Service Commission.

OF ALL THINGS

The Tower That Must Stand

THE builders of Babel, the story goes, hoped to escape the consequences of another universal flood; and so near Babylon they built a tower rising into the sky. But differences of opinion divided them, and they spoke in a variety of tongues, none knowing what the other was saying. The whole plan was thus destroyed.

This ancient legend is illustrative of the defects of diversity of purpose among a group of people. Yet, in modern times, intelligent men have succeeded in building mighty towers, like Canada, Switzerland, the United States of America, China, Russia. In India, too, a tower is coming up: only intelligence can prevent its destruction.

From Comorin to Kashmir, Indians speak thus of the statement "Ours will soon be a great country":—

Malayalam: nammute raajyam atutthu thanne oru mahathvamulla raajyam aakum.

Tamil: nam naadu viraivil oru maghattana desamahum.

Kannada: namma desh begane ondu hiriya naadu aagalide.

Konkani: thodiach velani amcho desh bhou vhad zatalo.

Telugu: mana desamu seegramga unnatamagunu.

Marathi: lavkarach apla desh phar motha honar ahe.

Oriya: nikota bhavishshatre amu deso sreshta desare pariganita hebo.

Bengali: amader desh shigrai bodo hoibe.

Gujerathi: apno desh najeekma mahaan desh thhashe.

Sindhi: pahinjo desh jald vado mulk thindo.

Punjabi: saada desh jaldi bada bansi.

Kashmiri: son mulk dhawan bod banye.

HINDI: apna jald ek mahan desh hoga.

THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

All human beings should have the opportunity of fulfilling whatever capabilities they happen to have.

—OLAF STAPLEDON.

INDIA'S FOOD IMPORTS TOTAL 2.2 MILLION TONS

Set-back In Kharif Crop: Effort To Get Burma Rice

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16, (PTI).

THE Food Minister, Mr. K. M. Munshi in a written answer to Dr. P. R. Deshmukh stated today that it had been found necessary for the Government to alter the previous estimates regarding the imports of foodgrains in 1950 from 1.5 million tons to 2.2 million tons.

The target of additional production for kharif of about a million tons, he said had received a set-back due to abnormal weather conditions.

Referring to the food situation in Bihar the Food Minister stated in reply another question that the damage to the autumn and winter rice crop as a result of floods and the failure of rains was estimated to vary between 35 to 50 per cent. As against 34 lakh tons of rice produced last year, the crop in the current year was not expected to exceed 15 to 16 lakh tons.

To cover this large deficit arising out of this latest calamity in Bihar larger allotments were proposed to be made to the State. Steps had been taken to provide occupation for landless labourers who required employment and also expedite minor irrigation works.

COTTON PRODUCTION

The Agriculture Minister told Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava that though no official forcasts of either cotton or jute production for 1950-51 were yet available, the present indication was that the production of cotton and jute would be 35.65 lakh bales and 33.51 lakh bales respectively. India was expected to become self-sufficient in the production of East Indian varieties of cotton by 1951/52.

The Prime Minister Pandit Nehru said in Parliament today that the Government of India were now in correspondence with the Government of Burma on the supply of rice not only for this year but also for next year.

The Prime Minister was replying to Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari during the question hour who had asked whether the Government was aware that Burma had rice to offer and no approach was made by the Government of India.

Mr. K. M Munshi, Food Minister, said that it was the Government of India who had approached the Burma Government again and again but India had not been able to obtain any further rice from Burma.

Mr. Krishnamachari asked whether the Government would verify the fact that the Burma Government did offer rice to responsible merchants in India and arrangements for the supply fell through because of want of co-operation from the Government.

The Prime Minister intervening said that because of the repeated declaration early in the year of selfsufficiency and India's desire not to import food from outside, and limit consumption of rice, the Burma Government felt themselves that they might not be able to sell rice to the Government of India. They were naturally concerned about finding a market for their rice and the Burmese Prime Minister also wrote to him. Pandit Nehru had assured the Burmese Prime-Minister that India would continue to get rice from them. Indeed the Government of India gave an order soon after and later asked for more rice, but Burma could not supply. The Government of India were now in correspondence with the Burma Government not only for this year but also for next years supply of rice.

SUGAR STOCKS

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food Minister told Mr. H. V. Kamath in Parliament today that the present sugar stocks in hand together with likely imports were sufficient to meet the demands of the country for sugar at the existing ration scales. He said that 65,000 tons of sugar were imported through the Ministry of Food, U. K., at a price ranging from R65 to £162 per ton. The import price was higher than the ruling price in India. He had no information whether the Pakistan Government were able to buy sugar from Cuba at a price lower than India had paid. Orders were placed in June in Cuba but they were cancelled on account of the Korean war.

In order to stimulate production in India the Government, among other measures, had decided to give subsidy of Rs. 2-6-0 per maund on all sugar produced by factories in western districts of Uttar Pradesh and in East Punjab upto December 15 on a quantity not more than one lakh tons, provided they started crushing by November 15 at the latest and produce more sugar than the corresponding period of last year.

The minimum requirement of sugar on the present rations was 10.5 lakh tons. He would give no indication of the quantity to be imported next year.

CHITTARANJAN FACTORY

The Chittaranjan locomotive factory, when it would start complete manufacture of locomotives by 1954, would help the Government of India to save foreign exchange to the extent of seven crores to nine crores of rupees per annum. Disclosing this in Parliament today, Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar told Mr. T. N. Singh that the factory had been manufacturing certain components and spare parts for the last six months. It had already assembled its first locomotive from components mostly imported from U.K. and the engine was given a start by the President on November 1. The Government of India had entered into an agreement with the British Locomotive Manufacturers' Association in regard to technical help and personnel.

Stop Press

PEACE CONGRESS

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Professor Joliot-Curie opened the World Peace Congress with 4,000 delegates present. He thanked warsaw for the warm welcome given to them.

The opening ceremony was broadcast by radio stations in Cominform countries, including Warsaw, Budapest and Prague, and the Soviet zone transmitters in Germany.

R

RATION QUANTUM

THE FOODGRAINS ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in the Bombay Rationed Area for the 47th Rationing Week commencing from Sunday, November 19, 1950, to Saturday, November 25, 1950 will remain same as during the current week, except that raw rice Sort II will be issued only if available.

SUGAR

The quantum of sugar for the 47th Rationing Week continues to be 8 ozs. per ration card.

FOOD POLICY UNDER FIRE

(Continued from Page 1)

quarters conflicting policies are being followed. If Nepal is to be stabilised, it can be stabilised only on the basis of a democratic Government."

Mr. B. Das of Orissa demanded the abolition of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, and said, "There is a set of fossilized experts in the Ministry of Agriculture and a similar set of fossilized experts in the ICAR (Indian Council of Agricultural Research). Where is the necessity for duplication? Abolish your departments and send all your experts to the villages."

BOMBAY EXAMPLE

Mr. R. K. Sidhva complained that some of the States demanded from the Centre more than their requirements and quoted the example of Bombay. He also alleged that in the fertilisers scheme, bogus orders had been placed and payments had been made to bogus persons. As regards sugar, he wanted to know why, after the orders had been placed, prices fixed and shipments had arrived, the Minister should refuse to disclose details on the ground of "public interest".

Prof. N. G. Ranga said that the present price and rationing policy of the Government was "incorrect" the deficit areas continued to be deficit while even traditionally surplus areas were being converted into deficit ones. In rural areas rations were not being supplied for weeks together, while "plenty" was available in blackmarket.

Mr. Satish Chandra said that Government had failed to keep up its commitments in regard to control of foodgrains, and frequently changed their decisions in this respect.

SACK THE MAN

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi said that only the abolition of controls could solve the food problem.

Referring to import of sugar, Mr. Tyagi said a firm had offered to supply sugar to the Government from Cuba and Formosa, at Rs. 579 per metric ton f.o.c. Bombay, a price much lower than the one paid to the United Kingdom. The loss thus involved amounted to Rs. 1,33,40,000.

"I want to know whether the earlier offer which quoted much lower rates than at which sugar was purchased from the United Kingdom was deliberately refused. If that is so, an inquiry must be instituted and the officer found responsible for it must be sacked."

In a scathing attack, Mr. Kripalani said, "It seems that natural calamities are not so disastrous as our incapacity to learn from past experience. We made promises to the people before independence, in our election manifesto and in our resolutions and public speeches. They remain unfulfilled. Yet we do not hesitate to make more promises."

The grow-more-food campaign would fail, he added, unless Indian agriculture was placed on a co-operative basis. It could not be improved on the basis of private property in land.

Last year the House was told that the sugar prices would fall in a couple of months. After one and half years it was now being told that the situation might deteriorate. The blackmarketing in sugar continued and while the rich man could get any amount of sugar, the poor man could get very little of it.

So long as this position prevailed, it was no use asking the people to make sacrifices. The people would be prepared to make any sacrifice provided the burdens placed on the rich and poor were equal. "We have driven away the British, but we have not destroyed the system we were fighting against."

Mr. Devi Datt Pant (Uttar Pradesh) advocated collectivisation of agriculture in the country as the only way of solving the food problem.

Mr. Manik Lal Gupta (Hyderabad) said that by mere "paper planning" in offices more food could not be grown.

Mr. Tajamul Hussain (Bihar) said that Government's procurement policy was not working properly.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

No Improvement In Bihar Food Position

PATNA, Nov. 16 (PTI): There has been no improvement in the situation in the drought-affected areas of North Bihar, it is authoritatively learnt here.

Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Bihar's Food Minister, who returned here on Monday last after a nine-day whirlwind tour of the affected areas in the districts of Muzaffarpur, Champaran, Saharsa and Darbhanga, is reported to have found the situation as grave as before.

India's Naval Problems Discussed

NEW DELHI, November 16.

The fifth Senior Naval Officers' Conference which ended its two-day session in Delhi on Tuesday evening discussed a number of problems including the necessity for studying the waters around India in relation to training in anti-submarine warfare and the progress of naval aviation. The Commander-in-Chief, Indian Navy, Sir Edward Parry presided.

It was pointed out that a study of the waters around India would also yield data which might help in fishery research in India. With regard to naval aviation, it was stated that in view of the urgent need for economy, its expansion cannot go on as fast as may be desired. In the meanwhile the training of pilots and other personnel was to continue on an austerity scale.

The tenth meeting of the Indian Central Tobacco Committee will be held in Madras on November 25 under the chairmanship of Sardar Datar Singh.

Go Slow In Asia, Advises Russell

U.S. ASKED TO USE ATOM BOMB IN WAR

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter).—Bertrand Russell said here yesterday that Chinese intervention in Korea could have been avoided if the United States had recognised Communist China at the same time as Britain.

"The whole situation never would have arisen if the Chinese first had been treated in a conciliatory fashion. Now it is too late. Communist China is sending volunteers into Korea," the British philosopher told a press conference.

Bertrand Russell, who was last week awarded a Nobel Prize for literature, advised the United States to "go slow in Asia and concentrate on the defence of Western Europe". The Russians wanted to "lock up" western troops in the Far East to give them a free hand in Europe, he warned.

Bertrand Russell said that the atomic bomb should be used immediately "if Russia started a war." Unless we use it, we have very little chance of winning", he added.

The British philosopher said he foresaw the possibility of war with the Soviet Union, although he hoped it could be avoided.

"It depends largely on the Kremlin's mood." He said, "It doesn't seem to be their intention at present."

GRAVE SITUATION IN ASIA

Strabolgi Urges U.S. To Be Realistic

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter).—Labour Peer, Lord Strabolgi said tonight, he hoped Britain could persuade the United States to adopt "a more realistic policy" in Asia generally and towards Communist China in particular.

Addressing a Labour party meeting at Wembly he said the alternative was "a terrible outbreak of violence which would set back all our hopes for a generation at least."

He said the situation in Asia was getting worse and the most skilful and careful statesmanship was called for to "avoid an explosion."

The new factor in Asia was "revolutionary China" and it was a most dangerous factor.

History had shown again and again that after a great revolution, the next order was liable to become aggressive and imperialistic in its turn. This might become true of the new China, as was shown by events in Korea, Tibet and Indo-China.

Throughout Asia there was a new spirit of revolt against the West and western ideas, and the Chinese might place themselves at the head of this dynamic movement of the hitherto backward but peaceful peoples, he added.

Formosa To Be Taken Up Later

U.N. COMMITTEE DECISION

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): The United States proposed yesterday that a full dress debate on Formosa by the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly be deferred until there had been "further clarification" of the crisis in the Far East.

The debate was due to have been opened yesterday afternoon. At the outset, however, Mr. John Foster Dulles, the United States delegate, said that when Mr.Dean Acheson U.S. Secretary of State, first brought the matter of Formosa before the Asembly in September there was a reasonable prospect of peace in Korea. That prospect had now been "considerably changed" by the rapid and considerable increase of Chinese Communist intervention in Korea.

Mr. Dulles said Chinese Communist intervention in Korea, the invasion of Tibet and Ho Chi Minh's threat in Indo-China and threats to Formosa posed the possibility that the whole area might be engulfed in war.

Mr. Jacob Malik (Soviet Union) said that the USSR had said all along that the Assembly was not competent to discuss Formosa as the question had been settled during the war by the Cario Conference which awarded the island to China.

The United States proposal to place Formosa at the end of the Committee's agenda was approved by 53 votes to none with five abstentions.

By a vote of 14 to 8 with 36 abstentions the Committee decided to take up next item sumitted by the Nationalist Chinese delegation: Threat to the political independence and territorial intergrity of China. This matter, involving alleged intervention by the Soviet Union in the affairs of China was first brought up at the last Assembly session.

There is only one other item left on the Political Committee's agenda—the Soviet complaint with regard to "aggression" by the United States against China. Mr. Malik asked the Committee to give this matter priority and at the same time to invite representatives of Communist China to take part in the debate.

The Soviet proposal was not. however, voted upon.

The Committee adjourned until Monday.

4 Dead, 16 Hurt In Village Riot

NAGPUR, Nov. 16 (UPI): Four persons were killed and sixteen injured in a riot which occurred at Arjuni, a village in Bhandara district (Madhya Pradesh) on November 12, according to reports received in official circles here today.

It is stated that on the occasion of Divali festival in a "mandai" (fair) some scheduled caste people got themselves overdrunk and played some mischief against others who came there to participate in the fair, resulting in a scuffle in which lathis were freely used.

News BRIEFS

GANG CAUGHT: The Hyderabad police unearthed a gang which was trafficking in arms and ammunition on a large scale.

DECISION CRITICISED: Mr. Aushtosh Lahiry, Chairman of the Central Parliamentary Board of the Akhil Bharat Hindu Mahasabha on Wednesday criticised the postponement of the General Elections.

U.S. AID: According to an agreement signed at Baguio on November 15, the United States will give the Philippines 250 million dollars aid to be utilised under American supervision.

S.-W. AFRICA'S STATUS: A group of British M.P.s and a bishop urged the Government to state openly that it supports the World Court's decision on the status of South-West Africa which is disputed by the South African Government.

MOMBASA TRIAL: Three Indians accused of killing an Indian stone mason last February, were charged with murder on Wednesday at the Mombasa High Court. A fourth Indian accused with them was acquitted and released.

AID TO SPAIN: The U.S. aid to Spain under the sixty-two million five hundred thousand dollar loan plan approved by Congress will get under way immediately, the Marshall Aid Administration announced on Wednesday.

MORE JOBLESS: Unemployment in Dacca is increasing due to economic depression. Purchasing power of people has gone down greatly.

GAMBLING PAYS: Diwali pays a revenue of Rs. 4,000 each year to the U.P. Government in the shape of fines realised for the offence of gambling in Agra alone.

CEYLON CITIZENSHIP: United Kingdom nationals will soon be able to acquire Ceylon citizenship rights if amendments to the Citizenship Act approved by Parliament.

AGREEMENT RENEWED: Britain, Argentina and Chile have decided to renew for another year their agreement not to send warships into Antarctic waters.

TRANSFER OF VILLAGES: The village of Kasare in Shrirampur Taluka and the village of Khali in Rahuri Taluka will be transferred to Sangamner Taluka of the Ahmednagar District from January 1, 1951.

Group Areas Act Not Discriminatory

SOUTH AFRICA REPLIES TO INDIA'S CHARGES

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter)

WHEN the debate on the Indian complaint against South Africa was resumed last night, Holland pleaded with India, South Africa and Pakistan not to close the doors on conciliatory talks on the treatment of persons of Indian origin in South Africa.

Mr. Patjin, the Netherlands delegate said the Netherlands delegation had been impressed by the conciliatory spirit in the telegrams exchanged by these Governments on the question of the Round Table Conference.

He said that the Netherlands was not certain that the General Assembly had the right to discuss and take action regarding this specific case in the way proposed in the draft resolution submitted by India, Burma, Indonesia and Iraq, the operational parts of which contained a judgment on South African legislation.

Mr. Tafazzal Ali (Pakistan) supporting the draft resolution appealed to the leader of the South African delegation to postpone the enforcement of the Group Areas Bill.

FRANCE TO ABSTAIN

Mr. J. Tine (France) said the French delegation would abstain on the vote of competence. That had been its policy in the past and after having heard the arguments before the Committee, he would see nothing that could in any way alter that attitude.

SOUTH AFRICA'S CONTENTION

Dr. Donges, South Africa, said the genesis of the preliminary talks which took place in February this year in Cape Town between India, Pakistan and South Africa needed explanation so far as the Union was concerned.

Dr. Donges reviewed the events and correspondence leading to the preliminary talks between India, Pakistan and South Africa held at Cape Town in February last and said that "Pakistan made a notable contribution towards the successful outcome of the talks by deciding to remove trade sanctions which were then in force against the Union".

India however remained adamant and made no contribution whatever to making a atmosphere in which the talks were to open salubrious for a successful outcome.

On the contrary, India took up a different attitude. It had agreed to the holding of the preliminary talks, but at the same time its actions gave rise to the inference that it was looking for opportunities to provoke South Africa to withdraw from the talks.

While the preliminary talks were in progress Mr. Donges said, and in reaction to Pakistan's lifting of the trade embargo Pandit Nehru published the correspondence on this point between India and Pakistan and held a press conference.

"In the former it was stated so long as the discrimination and disabilities remained the Government of India did not intend to remove the existing restrictions. At a press conference, Pandit Nehru was reported to have said, 'We are not going to budge an inch unless the South African Government makes a change'."

"There is a further point to be taken into consideration in assessing the validity of India's reasons for not adhering to its agreement of February 1950. Before the Agreement, India had knowledge of the broad purport of the Group Areas Act.

Dr. Donges said that he would intervene again later in the debate.

CONDITION WORSENED

Mr. Marjan Barisic, Yugoslavia, said his delegation had always favoured freedom and equality for people of Indian origin in South Africa.

The Committee, which had sat through the luncheon hour adjourned until this morning. The original plan to hold an afternoon session was abandoned.

Popular Ministry For PEPSU: Menon's Move

PATIALA, November 16 (PTI): Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary of the States Ministry, Government of India, arrived in Patiala yesterday morning by air and returned to Delhi in the evening.

Mr. N. M. Buch, Joint Secretary of the States Ministry, had also paid a visit to Patiala a couple of days earlier.

It is believed that this "behind-the-scene activity" is in connection with efforts to instal a popular Ministry representative of all political parties in PEPSU in place of the present care taker Government.

Good Progress And Also Unanimous Decision

LAHORE, November 16 (PTI): The Indo-Pakistan Co-operative Conference which began here on Tuesday is stated to have achieved "good progress" in the verification of claims of non-Muslims and their shares in the co-operative institutions in Pakistan Punjab.

The conference which arrived at "unanimous decisions" is continuing its deliberations.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.

Previous Closing	.....	42.54
Today's Opening	.....	42.74
Difference	.....	+20
Today's Closing	.....	42.40
Difference	.....	—14

The Lion Of The Punjab

(Continued from Page 4)

scious and victorious resignation of a great martyr. In him the Hero appears and shines as a nation-builder.

CONSTRUCTIVE GENIUS

Lala Lajpat Rai was essentially a constructive genius. This is clear from what he once wrote to Gandhiji from America. "The greatest need of the country, as it appears to me, is the economic uplift of the masess accompanied by universal education of the right sort. If I had any influence over the Indian Press I would beg of them to carry the following captions in long capital letters over the first page of every newspaper in evey issue:

The greatest need of the country
Milk for Babies
Food for adults
Education for all."

But the times in which Lalaji lived were out of joint and it was his set task to first liberate the country from the foreign yoke, under which the very soul of the people was being crushed. He devoted every moment of his life for this consummation.

Lala Lajpat Rai's sudden disappearance created a void which shocked the country and was acutely felt all over the world. "Lalaji's demise means the setting of a great planet from India's solar system", declared Mahatma Gandhi. Under the caption "Long Live Lalaji" he wrote in the 'Young India': "Lala Lajpat Rai is dead; long live Lalaji. Men like the Lala cannot die, so long as the sun shines in the Indian sky. Lalaji means an institution. From his youth he made of his country's service a religion and his patriotism was no narrow creed. He loved his country because he loved the world".

The labours of Lalaji and other patriots have at long last borne fruit and the dream of a free India has come true. Let us draw inspiration from the great teachings of Lalaji and resolve to follow in his footsteps by devoting ourselves to the service of the people in the vast constructive task ahead of us.

EXPLOITING FORESTS IN ANDAMANS

Scope For Private Enterprise

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

The Government of India have decided to exploit northern Andaman's forests through private enterprise, it is learnt here. Tenders were recently called and are under examination by Government at present. Under the scheme, trees to be felled will be marked out in specified areas to be entrusted to the party concerned. Wood would be sold under Government supervision. An agreed percentage will be taken over by the Government, leaving the balance to the party concerned. Parties under the scheme have been invited to bid against each other for this percentage to be retained by Government. It is estimated that Government would be able to make a net profit of Rs. 50,00,000 a year from this deal.

Acceptances For Delhi Races

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (PTI).

Following are acceptances for Delhi Autumn Meeting (Seventh Day) to be held on Sunday, November 19:—

The Agra Plate (Div 1) —Five Furlongs

Plucky Princess 9-5, Ragamala 9-2, Sherinia 8-12, Shelldrake 8-8, Mademoiselle 8-1, Chanod Star 8-0, Miss Primrose 7-13, Partition 7-12, Ranjit Dulari 7-11, Fair Lion 7-10.

The Agra Plate (Div II)—Five Furlongs

Al-Hamra 9-4, Robert's Pride 9-1, Mercedes 8-12, First Entry 8-12, Daljit 8-12, Windsor Wine 8-12, Padshah Begum 8-12, Flying Prince 8-9, Landlady 8-7, Aussie 8-7, Jame Louis 8-4, Montessa 8-4, Phuljhari 8-3, Saraswati 8-0.

The Mathura Plate (Div I)—Seven Furlongs

Bishop's Lot 9-4, Rath-ul-Lisan 9-3, Bellona 9-0, My Fancy 9-0, Cam Rattan 8-12, Respect 8-6, Bahram Khan 8-6, Hard Cash 8-2, Fair Lion 7-12, Cascade 7-12, Pillar of Honour 7-12.

The Palwal Plate —Five Furlongs

Shining Moon 9-12, Celerity 9-9, Harimati 9-3, Adjutant 9-3, Neemphool 9-0, Armistice 8-7, Para 8-7, Bisnop's Lot 8-5, Sherinia 8-1, Shelldrake 7-11, Tinker Bell 7-9, Sunny Boy 7-8, Megh Doot 6-7.

The Hodal Plate—One Mile

Fillibuster 9-6, Brongewing 8-7, Salamat 8-4, Phone Again 8-3, Chocolate Soldier 8-1, Adjutant 8-1, Shall 7-11, Peppermint 7-8, Jamna 7-7.

The Mathura Plate (Div II)—Seven Furlongs.

Lucky Glitters 9-4, Mystery 9-3, Kanpur Lass 9-1, Shropshire Lad 9-1, Padshah Begum 8-13, Steno 8-12, Anuradha 8-12, Sweet Bee 8-9, Aussie 8-8, Gala Girl 8-4, Cross Ways 8-4, Sweet Marie 8-2, Care Call 7-2, Robert Moori 7-2, Mr. Honourable 6-7.

BYCULLA Y.M.C.A. BILLIARDS

Lady Competitor's Popular Win

BOMBAY, Thursday: One of the two lady entrants in the Byculla YMCA Handicap Billiards Tournament for the Alec Sequeira Cup was seen in action this evening. Mrs. Sheru H. Karim (plus 150) playing with confidence disposed of Sardar Iqbal (minus 60) at 250-114. Although obviously a beginner, Mrs. Sheru showed a fine sense of touch on occasions and even came up with some 'fancy" strokes towards the end of the game.

Razak Khandwalla (minus 80) beat Rafiq Khan (minus 25) by 250 to 215 in a fairly well-contested match earlier in the evening. The winner made a commendable break of 34 (his highest in the match) in the initial stage, but after his opponent had settled down, the contest was keen.

In the last fixture of the evening, M. O. Patel (minus 125) beat A. G. Sonawala (minus 110) who scored 232. The winner was leading by 50 points early on, but after a series of white pots by the opponent, the game lagged and the margin was reduced. Patel, however, made a good recovery, unmoved by the white-pot technique, and went on to win comfortably.

Leading Tennis Players For Dacca

DACCA, Nov. 15.

Some well-known international players are expected to participate in a series of exhibition tennis matches in Dacca from December 14 to 20. Irwin Dorfman Kovaleski of U.S.A., Mr. and Mrs. Mottram and Mrs. Rita Anderson of Great Britain are among those will be seen in action in the exhibition matches here.

The East Pakistan Tennis Championship will also be played here from January 7 to 14 and some of the well-known players from West Pakistan are expected to participate in the championship.

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MADHAV APTE AFTER 201 RUNS

Siddharth's 340-Run Win Over Wilson In Collegiate Cricket

BOMBAY, Thursday

MAGNIFICENT batting by Madhav L. Apte and Vinoo P. Desai who hit up 201 (retired) and unbeaten 115 runs respectively put Elphinstone College—who finished the day with a big total of 445 runs for five wickets—in an impregnable position on the first day against G. S. Medical College in the second round of the Inter-Collegiate Cricket Tournament.

Siddharth College, mainly due to a meritorious all-round performance by B. G. Gowadia, who has been selected to play for Bombay Cricket Association against the Commonwealth Tourists, registered a smashing victory over Wilson College by 340 runs on the first innings.

Gowadia after scoring 63 runs ran through the Wilson College side by capturing 7 of thier wickets for 26 runs in 14.5 overs, 7 of which were maidens.

SIDDHARTH TROUNCES WILSON

Siddharth College continuing their innings with the overnight total of 251 runs for 3 wickets flogged the bowling of Wilson College and added yet another 150 runs for the loss of further three wickets and with the total 401 for 6 wickets declared their innings closed. Rege who was unbeaten with 94 runs yesterday scored his century today, and in partnership with Kenny he added 208 runs for the fourth wicket.

Wilson College was skittled out for a paultry score of 61 runs. This was due to some wonderful bowling of B. J. Gowadia who partically ran through the Wilson College side and took 7 wickets for 26 runs.

Siddharth won by 340 runs against Wilson on the first innings.

SIDDHARTH COLLEGE:— S. P. Bhatia c G. B. Thadani b Y. S. Kapadia 15, H. M. Dadachanji b R. I. Raval 3, N. M. Billimoria c G. B. Thadani b K. A. Mandgi 26, R. V. Rege (Capt.) c M. S. Kenkre b K. A. Mandgi 103, R. B. Kenny c G. B. Thadani b Y. S. Kapadia 124, B. J. Gowadia c Y. S. Kapadia b R. A. Bhalerao 63, N. S. Tamhane not out 40, A. A. Shaikh not out 17, rest did not bat, Extras 10, TOTAL: 401 for 6 wickets declared.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— R. I. Raval 31-3-126-1; Y. S. Kapadia 23-2-108-2; K. A. Mandgi 20-0-96-2; A. B. Palekar 4-0-25-0; R. A. Bhalerao 9-0-33-1; J. P. Galvankar 1-0-3-0.

WILSON COLLEGE:— R. I. Raval lbw b B. J. Gowadia 15, M. S. Kenkre b A. A. Shaikh 17, K. K. Siswella c N. S. Tamhane b B. J. Gowadia 2, G. B. Thadani (Capt.) St. N. S. Tamhane b B. J. Gowadia 4, N. G. Patel c S. P. Bhatia b A. A. Shaikh 8, K. A. Mandgi c A. A. Shaikh b S. V. Nadkarni 12, Y. S. Kapadia c S. P. Bhatia b B. J. Gowadia 1, R. A. Bhalerao St. S. P. Bhatia b B. J. Gowadia 1, J. P. Galvankar lbw b B. J. Gowadia 0, A. B. Palekar not-out 0, I. Frank b B. J. Gowadia 0, Extras 1, TOTAL 61.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— B. J. Gowadia 14.5-7-26-7, H. M. Dadachanji 5-4-4-0; R. M. Ranshinge 3-1-8-0; A. A. Shaikh 9-2-12-2; S. V. Nadkarni 8-5-10-1.

PODAR HEADING FOR A VICTORY

Podar College dismissed Victoria Jubilee Technical Insutute for a small total of 92 runs in their first innings. A. K. Sanghani was the top scorer with 19 runs to his credit.

M. V. Merchant was the most successful bowler for Podar College. He captured 4 V. J. T. I. wickets for 29 runs in 16 overs which included 5 maidens.

In reply to their opponent's total of 92 runs, Podar had made 200 runs for the loss of six wickets. D. S. Mirkar—their Captain made 69 runs which included ten hits to the boundary. P. S. Bharucha who opened the innings carried his bat for a patient 66 runs.

The match will be continued tomorrow.

V. J. TECHNICAL INSTITUTE:— R. V. Kulkarni b M. V. Merchant 3, V. J. Mody b D. S. Mirkar 2, S. G. Pradhan b D. S. Mirkar 0, A. K. Sanghani b M. V. Merchant 19, V. Y. Gaitonde c and b S. R. Khot 9, P. M. Wagh (Capt.) run out 15, I. I. Marfatia c C. M. Bendale b M. V. Merchant 0, A. D. Joshi c D. S. Mirkar b M. V. Merchant 4, M. P. Khadilkar c N. D. Tavaria b S. R. Khot 1, B. J. Shah not out 10, M. W. Jambotkar c C. M. Bendale b K. L. Joshi 17, Extras 12, TOTAL: 92.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— K. L. Joshi 6-2-5-1; D. S. Mirkar 7-1-13-2; A. R. Vasania 2-0-4-0; M. V. Merchant 16-5-29-4; N. D. Kateli 3-0-11-6, S. R. Khot 8-3-18-2.

PODAR COLLEGE:— N. K. Bhada c R. V. Kulkarni b M. W. Jambotkar 1, P. S. Bharucha batting 66, M. V. Merchant lbw b M. P. Khadilkar 13, N. D. Tavaria b M. P. Khadilkar 6, D. S. Mirkar (Capt.) b S. G. Pradhan 69, S. R. Khot c I. I. Marfatia b P. M. Wagh 33, N. D. Kateli b M. W. Jambotkar 1, rest to bat, Extras 11, TOTAL: 200 for six wickets.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— M. W. Jambotkar 13-6-18-2; P. M. Wagh 12-3-27-1; M. P. Khadilkar 13-1-47-2; B. J. Shah 3-0-23-0, S. G. Pradhan 11-2-24-1; V. Y. Gaitonde 5-0-30-0; A. D. Joshi 5-0-20-0.

ELPHINSTONE HIT UP 445 FOR 5 BY THE CLOSE OF PLAY

Elphinstone College making the first use of the wicket and occupying the crease for the whole day amass a very big total of 445 runs for the loss of their five batsmen. Thanks to some magnificent batting by M. L. Apte, V. P. Desai and S. P& Gupte who scored respectively 201 (retired), 115 (batting) and 84 runs, that they could put such a good score on the board. Apte hit a sixer and 19 fours. Desai's score included three big hits and nine boundaries; while Gupte's 84 had in it seven hits to boundary line. S. P. Gupte the last named has been selected to play for Bombay Cricket Association against the Commonwealth Tourists.

The match will be continued tomorrow.

E. C and I S:— S. P. Dalvi c R. H. Bandodkar b V. N. Desai 7, M. L. Apte retired 201, T. P. Raje b M. S. Nerurkar 6, L. J. Khichadia (Capt.) b V. N. Desai 8, S. P. Gupte b M. S. Nerurkar 84, V. P. Desai batting 115, K. M. Rungta batting 11, rest to bat, Extras 13, TOTAL: 445 for five wickets.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— R. H. Bandodkar 30-1-174-0; V. N. Desai 11-0-63-2; M. S. Nerurkar 22-3-92-2; D. M. Amonkar 15-1-60-0; M. B. Kher 7-0-31-0; Pay Master 2-0-12-0.

SYDENHAM IN SIGHT OF FIRST INNINGS LEAD AGAINST ISMAIL

Ismail College batting first collected 148 runs in their first knock. M. K. Kanuga in partnership with V. D. Haskote added most valuable 30 runs for the last wicket against Sydenham and carried his bat for brilliant 30 runs.

K. S. Khanolkar of Sydenham took 3 wickets for 18 runs.

In reply Sydenham College had made 114 runs for the loss of four wickets at the close of play. K. L. Dalal bit up a fine knock of 50 runs which had in its 6 hits to boundary line.

For Ismail College A. B. Zakharia has so far taken 3 wickets for 24 runs.

The match will be continued tomorrow.

ISMAIL COLLEGE:— S. W. Pathare run out 10, C. Fernandes b A. H. Desai 6, M. T. Shaikh l.b.w. b J. N. Vaccha 7, G. K. Iyanger c B. G. Joshi b M. R. Desai 19, A. R. Butler run out 1, M. A. Wania b K. S. Khanolkar 26, A. B. Zakheria c Anwar b B. G. Joshi 9, Kazi Kabir (Capt.) c B. D. Bilpodiwalla b K. S. Khanolkar 10, M. K. Kanuga not out 30, K. Mehta c J. N. Vaccha b K. S. Khanolkar 1, V. D. Haskote c M. R. Daftari b B. G. Joshi 7, Extras 22, TOTAL: 148.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:— B. G. Joshi 9.2-3-20-2; A. Merchant 4-3-1-0; M. R. Desai 11-7-8-1; A. H. Desai 17-6-39-1; J. N. Vaccha 12-4-33-1; A. C. Sheth 5-3-7-0; K. S. Khanolkar 10-4-18-3.

SYDENHAM COLLEGE:— M. R. Daftari b A. B. Zakheria 17, B. D. Bilpodiwalla c S. W. Pathare b Kazi Kabir 29, K. A. Dalal c S. W. Pathare b A. B. Zakheria 50, K. S. Khanolkar b A. B. Zakheria 0, M. R. Desai batting 4, A. C. Sheth batting 0, rest to bat, Extras 14, TOTAL: 114 for four wickets.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE CONCEDED A WALK OVER TO RUIA

The match between Ruia College and National Medical College, was not played as the Medicoes could not collect their side and had to concede a walk over to Ruia. By this virtue of a walk-over Ruia College moved up into the third round—the Quarter-final where they meet Bhavan's College of Andheri.

(More Sports On Page 5)

In the Day's Sport

CRICKET

Oval, Kennedy Sea-face and Bombay Gymkhana.

10-30 a.m. Inter-Collegiate Cricket (Second-round).

BILLIARDS

Byculla Y.M.C.A.

4 p.m. S. N. Sanyal (—325) vs. G. L. Ghasvalla (—90); 6 p.m. D. M. Umrigar (—175) vs. S. J. Parekh (+10); 8 p.m. R. E. Bengali (—375) vs. N. P. Mehta (—50).

RETIRES

The Pick Of The Performances

BOMBAY Thursday.

The following were the pick of the performances in today's play in the second round of the Inter-Collegiate Cricket Tournament.

BATTING

201 retired by M. L. Apte (Elphinstone) against G. S. Medical.

124 by R. B. Kenny (Siddharth) against Wilson.

115 (batting) by V. P. Desai (Elphinstone) against G. S. Medical.

103 by R. V. Rege (Siddharth) against Wilson.

84 by S. P. Gupte (Elphinstone) against G. S. Medical.

69 by D. S. Mirkar (Podar) against V.J.T.I.

66 (batting) by P. S. Bharucha (Podar) against V.J.T.I.

63 by B. J. Govadia (Siddharth) against Wilson.

50 by K. A. Dalal (Sydenham) against Ismail.

BOWLING

7 for 26 B. J. Govadia (Siddharth) against Wilson.

4 for 29 M. V. Merchant (Podar) against V.J.T.I.

RANDER GYM. DRAW WITH ISLAM GYM.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Rander Gymkhana who are at present in Bombay on a Cricket Tour, batting first against Islam Gymkhana —the Hosts—declared their innings closed with the total at 272 runs for nine wickets in a one-day friendly match on the Parsee Gymkhana ground.

Islam Gymkhana had made at the close of play 162 runs for the loss of their six batsmen. S. K. Rattonsey who had earlier taken 3 Visitors' wickets was the top scorer on the Home Side. A. S. Kader and Taufique Hussein contributed 36 and unbeaten 35.

The match ended in a draw.

The scores were as follows:—

RANDER GYMKHANA: E. A. Alloo (Capt.) 21, Y. Ashraff 45, Ismail Baporia 76, E. A. Baporia 4, M. Nana 22, C. M. Madari 29, E. E. Esmail 5, A. C. Surtee 1, M. S. E. Ashraff 22, E. G. M. Hans not out 8, A. G. Murad did not bat, Extras 39, TOTAL: 272 for nine wickets declared.

Bowling Analysis:—H. E. Reshamwalla 22-4-60-1; K. C. Ahmed 6-3-12-0; S. K. Rattonsey 17-1-66-3; Taufique Hussein 3-0-23-0; K. C. Abdulla 20-4-72-4.

ISLAM GYMKHANA: A. S. Kader 36, Haider Kajiji 1, H. E. Reshamwalla 0, S. K. Rattonsey 59, K. C. Abdulla 2, Taufique Hussein not out 35, A. R. Jaffer 0, Bardanwalla not out 12, rest did not bat, Extras 17, TOTAL: 162 for six wickets.

Bowling Analysis:—E. A. Alloo 7-1-27-3: Ismail Baporia 4-0-16-0; E. E. Esmail 7-0-37-0; A. G. Murad 10-3-16-2; E. A. Baporia 3-0-17-0; A. C. Surtee 3-0-25-0, M. S. E. Ashraff 1-0-7-0.

Another Invitation For Abdul Bari

BOMBAY, Nov. 16. (PTI): Abdul Bari, the India squash champion, ranked world number two, has received an invitation from the Australia Squash Rackets Association to participate in the Australia Squash Championships to be held in the middle of 1951 to mark the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Federation of the Australian States.

Bari, who recently returned from a tour of Australia, won the Australian Open Championships, beating Australia's number one, George Watson.

DOUG. WRIGHT WILL BE FIT FOR FIRST TEST

SYDNEY, Nov. 16. (PTI-Reuter): Douglas Wright, the Kent legbreak and googly bowler, is regarded as certain to be fit for the First Test between England and Australia, starting at Brisbane on December 1.

Wright has been complaining of back trouble. The doctor who examined him, diagnosed superficial fibrocitis in the right shoulder, which should clear quickly with massage. Wright is remaining in Sydney and will meet the main party in Brisbane next week.

INTER-COLLEGIATE HOCKEY

League Commences On November 24

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Inter-Collegiate Hockey League has this year attracted ten teams and has been divided into two sections. The tournament is being run under the auspices of the B. P. H. A. at the Cooperage.

The teams included in the tourney are as follows:-

SECTION A: St. Xavier's, Khalsa, Siddharth, G.S. Medical, Sydenham.

SECTION 'B': Elphinstone, Wilson, Grant Medical, Ruia, National.

NATIONAL CYCLING MEET IN DELHI

Teams For World And Asian Games To Be Selected

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The National Cyclists' Federation of India, with a view to select the Indian Cycling Team for both the First Asian Games at New Delhi as well as the World Cycling Championships at Milan, have decided to hold the National Cycling Championships at the National Stadium (Banked Track) New Delhi on 24th, 25th and 26th January 1951.

The following events will form the basis of selection:—

1,000 Metres Sprint; 1,000 Metres Time Trial; 4,000 Metres Individual pursuits; 4,000 Metres Team Pursuits and 180 Kilometres Road Race (Massed start).

The entries for the same close on Saturday 6th January 1951.

PROMOTER'S LICENCE ESSENTIAL

A notification issued by the Honorary Secretary, N.C.F.I., draws the attention of the cyclists and cycling clubs all over India to a very important rule which states:

"That according to the Constitution of the National Cyclists' Federation of India, all the Associations and Clubs holding cycle sports are required to be in possession of a Promoters' Licence, without which an Association or Club is not authorised to hold a Cycle Meet. The fee for a Promoters' Licence is Rs. 10/- (Ten only) annually.

"Further, all the Cyclists are required to be registered with the N.C.F.I. through a recognised Association or a Club, and be in possession of a Registration Number and licence, without which no rider will be allowed to take part in the Cycle Meet. The individual registration fee per member is Rs. 3/- (three only) annually including an amateur licence".

Smart Work By Beldara And Independence

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following are the pick of the track-trials from Mahaluxmi:—

Outer Tan

IMPRUDENCE (Kan Singh), GREEK STAR (Jagdesh) and GITANJALI (Duffy) were sent on easy work over seven furlongs. Timing 1 min. 39 secs. A well-trimmed trio.

FULL HOUSE (Gulamali) covered the last five furlongs in 1 min. 8 secs.

GOLD SPA (Khade) held comfortably ANANT LUXMI (R.B.) and ALL-IN-ALL (R.B.) when worked over six furlongs. Timing 1 min. 23 secs.

SHUBH LUXMI (Aurobinda) showed the way to RASHTRAPATI (R. Bhosle) and MANISHA (R.B.) when clocking a smart gallop over six furlongs in 1 min. 21 secs.

INDEPENDENCE (Shaikh) spared two lengths from WHATAGIFT (Gilmore) when engaged in an excellent trial. Six furlongs were traversed in 1 min. 20 secs. The first-named is in great form.

BANSIWALE (Khalil) had the measure of THE WOLF (Purtu) when covering four furlongs in 51 secs.

AMAN (Hanuman) shaped better than GIPSY BILL (Purtu). He returned 1 min. 39 secs. for seven furlongs.

BELDARA (Pierce) held OASES (Cunningham) when moving over from four furlongs. Timing 51½ secs. Former is fighting fit now.

STAR OF IRAN (Khalil) was in hand when covering six furlongs in 1 min. 25 secs.

CEYLON (Purtu) went over a mile at a fair pace. He returned 1 min. 52 secs. Looks quite fit now.

JUST WAIT (Purtu) negotiated seven furlongs in 1 min. 32⅘.

NEAR IMAGE (Hanuman) travelled over seven furlongs in 1 min. 35 secs.

LATEST SPURTS

NEW MOON (Chavan) moved freely when clocking four furlongs in 51 1/5 secs.

MANZOOR (Kheem) went a spurt over three furlongs in 36⅘ secs.

SWEETIE SHAH (I. Khan) covered three furlongs in 37 secs.

MODESTY II (Kadam) was well ahead of RAJPUT WARRIOR (R.B.) and GAY BOY (R.B.) when engaged over three furlongs. Timing 37 secs.

FLYING BANNER (Khade) was much superior to TARQUINNE (Kadam) when covering three furlongs in 37 secs.

GALLANT MAN (Hanuman) and STAR SHELL (Purtu) lay together when tried over three. They returned 36⅘ secs.

ANANT LUXMI (Khade) moved very well in hand over three furlongs. She clocked 37⅘ secs.

WAHDINA (Mulla) went well over three in 37 secs.

IMPRUDENCE (Jagdesh) easily held KABIR (Devaney) when negotiating three furlongs in 36 1/5 secs. Sigtia's filly should get it for the asking on Saturday.

DOWNPOUR (Devaney) PELION (D'Monte) and ASOKA (Duffy) were closely attended when sent over half mile from 8 to 4. Timing 53 secs.

GOOD FIELDS FOR SATURDAY

The following are the acceptances for the Third Day of the Bombay Winter Races to be held on Saturday, November 18:—

THE JUVENILE PLATE.—Distence 5 furlongs.

Zahir 8-7, Water Prince 8-7, Fulhurst 8-7, Bel Ager 8-7, Chilkhat 8-7, Pigeon Post 8-7, Many Returns 8-7, High Ball 8-7, Gay Duke 8-7, Vienna Woods 8-7, Gold Star 8-7.

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE. Division II—Distance 1 mile.

Liberator 9-0, Brindia 9-0, Imroz 9-0, Don't Boast 9-0, Starshell 9-0, Ballynahinch 9-0, Glamour Boy 9-0, Silver Pylon 9-0, The Coward 9-0, Al Mohalab 9-0, Jasdan Star 9-0, Diamond Cave 8-11, Pannihari 8-11, Shandana 8-11, Chandralekha 8-11.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE. Division II—Distance 1 mile.

Pessu Pasha 9-4, D. Day 8-7, Prospero 8-7, Marie Louise 8-7, Philsooph 8-6, Passing Bell 8-6, Star Saphire 8-5, Havana 8-5, Gipsy Bill 7-13, Navroz 7-13, Anant Lakshmi 7-13, Monkiss 7-13, London Tan 7-6.

THE DELHI PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile.

Radio Star 9-2, Bright Ribbon 8-11, Wagh Mahal 8-10, Firdaussi 8-7, Star of Iran 8-7, Striding Edge 8-7, Indian Port 8-0, Pick Pocket 8-0, Titina 7-12, Ijjat 7-11, Cool and Collected 7-9, Woa Thousand 7-9, Gay Boy 7-8, Brilliant Sunshine 7-7.

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Virvikram 9-0, All-in-All 9-0, Gun Drill 9-0, Bright Prince 9-0, Paper Crown 9-0, Assault 9-0, Red Cross Boy 9-0, Wolf 9-0, Sajan 9-0, Pet Hand 9-0, Ali Janab 9-0, Harlem Day 8-11, Flying Banner 8-11, Krishnakamal 8-11, Tarquinne 8-11.

THE AGA SHAMSHUDDIN PLATE —Distance 1 mile.

Prince Ajit 9-6, Padmini 8-11, Beldara 9-2, Majestic Way 8-5, Aman 9-0, Mansoor Beg 8-11, Rim Jhim 8-10, New Moon 8-7, Swing Bridge 8-7, Der-Nue-Way 8-5, Namdar 8-5, Fair Haven 8-1, Manzoor 8-0, Rajput Warrior 8-0, Ceylan 7-13, Flight of Fancy 7-10, Downpour 7-2.

THE LUCKNOW PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Riviera 9-2, Imprudence 9-2, Royal Guard 9-0, Rashtrapati 9-0, Desert Kid 8-12, Pick Money 8-12, Kotidhwaj 8-12, Desert Knight 8-8, Just Wait 8-7, Princessa 8-6, Lady Cleopatra 8-3, Makarpura 8-3, Honey Bunch 8-0, Gold Spa 7-13.

THE DELHI PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Greek Star 9-2, Guest of Honour 8-13, Modesty II 8-13, Kalyani 8-12, Gitanjali 8-11, Village Green 8-10, Oasis 8-8, Bansiwale 8-8, Steve 8-7, Aawaz 8-6, Army and Navy 8-3, Lalaji 8-3, Reshone 8-2, Nature Boy 8-2, Poldo 8-2.

THE UJJAIN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Independence 9-0, Full House 9-0, Manisha 8-12, Khundil 8-12, Chand Chakor 8-11, The Duke 8-7, Bhopal Star 8-2, Wahdina 8-2.

SOCCER PLAYERS DROPPED BY PARACHUTES

25,000 Watch Inauguration Of I.A.F. Inter-Command Sport Festival

BANGALORE, Nov. 16 (PTI).

MORE than twentyfive thousand people witnessed today soccer players of the Indian Air Force Operational Command being dropped by parachutes from a service plane on the Olympic Stadium grounds immediately after the inauguration of the I.A.F. Inter-Command Sports Festival.

The twelve-day sports meet was declared open by Air Marshal R. Ivelaw-Chapman, Chief of the Air Staff and Commander-in-Chief, I.A.F.

After taking the salute at a march-past of the three hundred competitors of the three commands the Commander-in-Chief declared the meet open and the sports flag was hoistefid.

Inaugurating the meet, the Air Marshall said that sports played a predominant part not only in the life of military personnel but of civilians. He added sports and games formed an indispensable part of the curriculum of any service training. The time had come when the Inter-Command Sports Festival should be regarded as the greatest event of the year by everybody of the I.A.F.

The plane carrying the I.A.F. soccer players dropped them one by one flying at a height of about 1,500 feet. The players were loudly cheered as they landed.

The half hour exhibition football match between the Operational Command and the Sullivan Police, which followed, ended in a goalless draw. Though the play did not produce soccer of a high standard, it was bright in patches. Due to rain the ground was waterlogged and heavy. This perhaps handicapped the players. Earlier, the teams were introduced to the Air Marshal before the kick off.

INDIA TO HAVE 5-DAY TESTS IN ENGLAND

Important Decision Taken At Lords Meeting

LONDON, Nov. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

TEST matches against South Africa and India in England during the next two summers will be of five days each.

This was announced after meetings of the Board of Control and the Advisory County Cricket Committee at Lords today, when it was agreed to extend for two more years the experiment begun against the West Indies last summer.

Subject to their agreement South Africa will have five tests next summer and India four tests in 1952.

The South African tests will be held as follows: First Test at Nottingham on June 7, 8, 9, 11 and 12; Second test at Lords on June 21, 22, 23, 25 and 26; Third test at Manchester on July 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10; Fourth test at Leeds on July 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31; Fifth test at the Oval on August 16, 17, 18, 20 and 21.

Admission charges will be the same as in 1950, four shillings in London and three shillings and six pence in provincial games.

As a result of the test against West Indies the counties on whose grounds tests were played will each receive 4442 sterling and other first class counties 1493 sterling and each minor county 257 sterling.

OTHER DECISIONS

Another important decision taken was a modification of the experiment concerning declarations on the first day of three days' matches. Since the war this had been allowed after a batting side has made 300 or more runs but now captains will be allowed to declare at any time on the first day. This will not apply to test matches where first day declarations are not allowed.

The experimental rule whereby a new ball may be claimed after 65 overs is to continue.

An alteration to the rules governing county cricket will enable English-born cricketers to play during the winter in first class competitions organised by overseas governing bodies. This is an aftermath of the controversy caused when Joe Hardstaff, Nottinghamshire, played for Auckland, New England, last winter.

The special registration rule for players in county cricket also came under discussion and a special sub-committee has been set up to review its operation since its introduction before the 1939 season and to make recommendations for any amendments considered necessary.

STRONG AFGHAN CONTINGENT

Team Of Sixty For Asian Games

NEW DELHI, November 16 (PTI).

A sixty-strong contingent of Afghan athletes and players will participate in the First Asian Games which will be held at the National Stadium here, from March 3 to 10, 1951.

The Olympic Association of Afghanistan has communicated this decision to the organisers of the Asian Games.

The Afghan team will include 24 athletes, 18 football and 18 hockey players. The hockey players will participate in exhibition matches only.

Teams from Afghan have visited India thrice before.

In 1934, a hockey team and some athletes participated in the Western Asian Games in Delhi. The following year another hockey team toured India before proceeding to Berlin, to take part in the World Oympics, and the last — again a hockey team — toured the country in 1947.

TEAMS FOR TODAY'S MATCH IN POONA

POONA, November 16 (PTI).

The Commonwealth cricket team to play against the Raja of Jath's Eleven in a three-day fixture commencing from tomorrow on the Club of Maharashtra grounds, will be selected from the following twelve players:

L. Ames, F. Worrell, E. Paynter, H. Gimblett, L. Fishlock, G. Tribe, J. Laker, A. Barlow, F. Ridgway, L. Jackson, S. Ramadhin and B. Dooland.

There will be changes in the side originally announced to play for the Raja of Jath's Eleven as wicket-keeper P.G. Joshi and S.R. Adhikari will be unable to take the field.

The team will now consist of:

Raja of Jath (Captain), Vijay Hazare, M.R. Rege, B.B. Nimbalkar, S.W. Sohoni, S.G. Shinde, M. C. Datar, S.D. Dhanwade, Y. N. Gokhale, M. Barve (wicket-keeper), and S.R. Chabukswar.

The hours of play will be 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 1-45 p.m. to 3-45 p.m., 4-10 to 5-10 p.m.

PAYNTER TO PLAY FOR TOURISTS AT POONA

BOMBAY, November 16 (PTI).

Eddie Paynter, the veteran Lancashire and England cricketer, who is now in India as a coach has been summoned by the Commonwealth cricket team to assist them in the three-day match starting at Poona tomorrow against Raja of Jath's XI.

Paynter, left for Poona this evening to join the tourists.

Paynter's services had to be sought by the tourists because two members of their team, Leslie Ames and Spooner, are on the sick list and few others have to be rested.

CRICKET COACHING SCHEME IN POONA

POONA, Nov. 16 (PTI).

Poona's promising school cricketers will have the benefit of being coached by some of the experienced cricketers of Maharashtra at the Dhanukar School of Cricket, which was opened here today by Leslie Ames, captain of the Commonwealth Cricket team.

Both Ames and George Duckworth, manager of the team, welcomed the idea of coaching young cricketers which should go a long way, they said, to improve their standard of cricket.

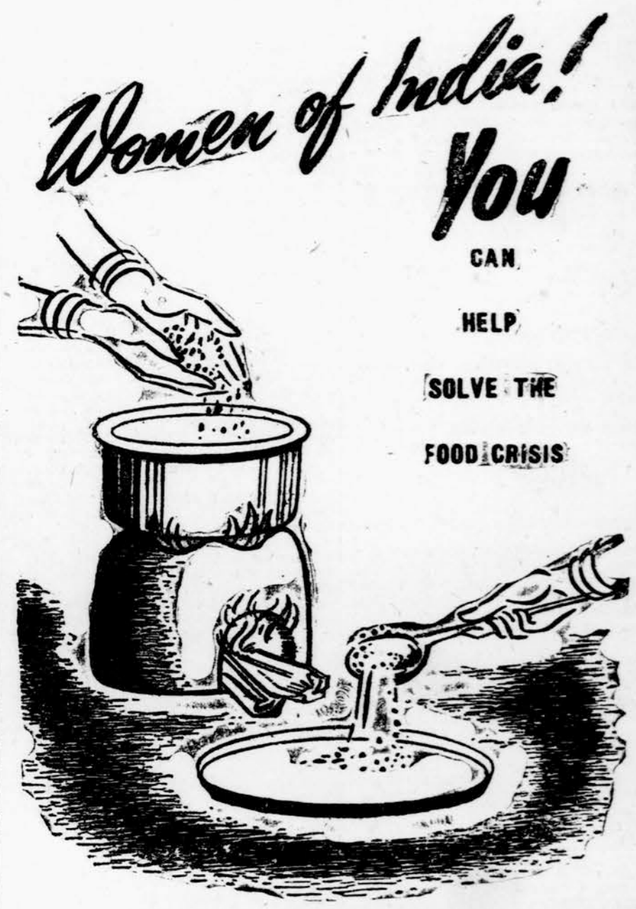
The coaching scheme has been sponsored by the P.Y.C. Gymkhana with the financial assistance of Mr. W. Dhanukar, a local industrialist. Trainees will be at the school in the first instance for three months and their coaching will be looked after by Prof. D. B. Deodhar, J. Navle, former India wicketkeeper, M. R. Rege, and other noted cricketers from Maharashtra.

After the initial training, the school will re-open in April next.

Grant Medical College Sports On November 26

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The annual athletic sports of the Grant Medical College will be held on Sunday, 26th November at 2 p.m. on the College grounds at the Kennedy Seaface.



Scattered Buying In Steels After Early Decline

'KOHINOORS IN GOOD DEMAND

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was comparatively quiet but steady today with scattered realising meeting moderate buying support. The general feeling in the market is moderately bullish under the influence of better steel production and fairly good export business of cloth at profitable prices. Most of the investors are liquidating their holding in Government Securities are reinvesting proceeds in industrial shares. That the long range outlook continues bullish but the market is subject to technical corrections.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened today at the 1823-12 and declined at Rs. 1817-8 on moderate realising but advanced at Rs. 1825 on buying support. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 353 and steadied at Rs. 352. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 31-12 and improved at Rs. 31-14 while Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 22-6 and declined at Rs. 22-4.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 875 and after declining at Rs. 970 advanced at Rs. 976-4. Kohinoor Shares opened at Rs. 328 and advanced at Rs. 331, Simplex Shares were done at Rs. 276 and Gokak were placed at Rs. 250. Svadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 299 and improved at Rs. 302.

Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 14-5 and improved at Rs. 14-7. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 482 and advanced at Rs. 486

Later on the market ruled steady with slightly improved support and Tata Steel Defdss. were quoted at Rs. 1827-8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 353. Tone of the market was steady.

Later on there was increased profit-taking and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs 1822-8 and Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 352. The market was influenced by the sharp decline in Government Securities and the closing tone of the market was quiet.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (7-8)	973 12
Kohinoor Mills (6)	332 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	301 4
Central India Mills (6)	258 8
Simplex Mills (6-8)	276 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	169 0
Indore (4)	114 6
Gokak (12)	249 0
Century Spinning (15)	270 0
India Bleaching (8)	173 8
Swan (20)	350 0
Finlay Mills (15)	275 8
Morarji (4-8)	165 0
Edward (15)	265 0
Meyer (6)	83 2
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3-2-6
India United Ord. (0 12-6)	12 12
India United Defd. (0-2-7)	2 0
Madhusudan (16)	160 0
Podar (9)	141 4
Khatau (5)	186 4
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (16)	352 0
Tata Steel Defd. (79-5)	1825 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	137 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	172 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	485 0
Belapur (8-6-0)	269 4
Shivrajpur (18)	49 12
Scindia Steam	14 4
Premier Construction (4)	116 0
Tata Chemical	13 13
Tata Oil (1)	42 8
Indian Iron (1)	31 12
Bengal Steel (0-10)	22 4
British India Corp. (0-9)	9-1-6
India Copper	2 15
Wimco (11)	246 14
Alcock (28-2)	333 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	161 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1401 4
Tata Power (25)	1675 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	59 0
Phoenix (6)	120 0
Indian Mfg (40)	3350 0
Kurla (7-8)	107 8
Coloba (6)	88 0
New City (11)	187 8
Minerva (12)	136 4
Bradbury	453 12
Bharucha	4 12
Bharat (2)	27 8
Mysore Defd. (4) XD	162 8
Madhavji (0-12-0)	12 8
Model Mills (12-8)	151 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	602 8
Vishnu Cotton (6)	207 8
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-)	26 5
Hindustan Mills (40) XD	3410 0
Tata Mills (4)	52 12
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	220 0
Sassoon Silk (2-10)	35 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	22 4
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Bersi	260 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 0
Ahmedabad New XD	111 12
Surat Electric (5)	130 2
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 4
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 10
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	125 0
Bombay Suburban (3)	135 0
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1972 8
Imperial Bank P (10)	485 0
Central Bank (10)	79 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	79 4
Bank of India (4)	175 8
Union (0-5)	6 13
Baroda (2-8)	128 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	32 0
United Commercial (1-8)	44 0
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	27 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (-14-9)	82 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	615 0
New India (2)	66 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (1-10)	12 6
Ind. Mercantile	41 0
B.I.C.	16 0
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4

All India General	8 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-14) XD	112 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	245 10
Bombay Burma New (5)	155 10
Burma Petrol	1 9 6
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 8
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	52 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	93 4
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	83 0
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	62 8
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	125 0
Supreme Industries	90 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	21 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	165 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	37 0
National Rayon	67 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	76 0
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	145 0
Bengal Steel	116 4
Andhra Valley (7)	1267 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1375 0
Hydro-Electric (7) XD	133 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	233 12
Central India (5)	632 8
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	672 8
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	109 0
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	102 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	135 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	95 0
Mackenzie (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	93 8
Morarji	84 0
National Rayon	83 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar (6)	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 14
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria Pref.	4 0
Phalton (8)	127 8
Gold Mohor (20)	315 0
New Kaisari Hind	300 0
Sajjan Mills	100 0
Osmanshahi	115 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Services	4 0
Air India Tata	66 0
Hind Motor	6 0
Walchand Motor	53 0
India Steam	7 5 6
Tata Locomotive	98 0
Killick Industries	132 8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

Tata Ordinary	..	352 0	0
Tata Deferred	..	1823 12	0
Indian Iron	..	31 13	0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	..	22 4	0
Bombay Dyeing	..	973 12	0
Central India	..	258 8	0
Gokak	..	249 8	0
Kohinoor	..	332 8	0
Simplex	..	277 8	0
Swadeshi	..	301 4	0
Tata Power	..	1675 0	0
Associated Cement	..	172 8	0
Belapur	..	269 4	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	..	485 0	0
Scindia	..	14 4	0
Central Bank	..	79 0	0
New India	..	66 0	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	..	137 0	0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The local bullion market was quietly steady with moderate business.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 179 and declined at Rs. 178-14 under scattered selling. At this level there was moderate buying and the market improved at Rs. 178-2 but quietened at Rs. 178-14 on renewed selling.

Ready Mint Silver was quoted at a premium of annas ten at Rs. 179-8 while spot bullion was quoted at Rs. 178-14

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 107-6 and advanced at Rs. 107-14 as increased buying but long liquidation checked further rise and the market reached at Rs. 107-10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 108-4 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-12.

Later on there was heavy buying by professional bulls and with short covering quotations firmed up as under:—

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Ready Silver	.. 180	8	0
Forward	.. 180	9	0
Ready Gold	.. 109	0	0
Forward	.. 108	8	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The local Produce market was quietly steady with restricted business. Quotations were as under:—

Khandesh Quality New Rs.	41	12	0
November	41	10	0
Madras	41	8	0
Bold Ready	40	11	0
Bold December	40	11	0
Bold January	40	11	0
Oil Bombay Mills	22	4	0
Oil Railways Receipts	21	13	0
Oil November	21	13	0
Oil December	21	11	0
LINSEED			
Bold Ready	41	4	0
Ready Satna	39	4	0
November	41	4	0
December	41	0	0
Oil	21	0	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Ready	38	4	0
November	37	12	0
February	35	4	0
Oil First Pressure	20	0	0
Oil Bazar quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

2-1/2% 1954	98	13	0
2-1/2% 1955	99	9	0
2-1/2% 1961	96	12	0
2-3/4% 1960	98	14	0
2-3/4% 1962	98	13	0
3% 1970	95	8	0
3% 1955 Con.	95	0	0
3% 1951/54	101	2	0
3% 1953/55	101	8	0
3% 1957	101	0	0
3% 1959/61	100	4	0
3% 1963/65	99	0	0
3% 1964	99	2	0
3% 1966/68	98	15	0
3% 1970/75	98	6	0
3-1/2% 1954/59	103	15	0
4% 1960/70	109	0	0
4-1/2% 1955/60	109	6	0
4% 1958/63	112	4	0
PROVINCIALS LOANS			
3% Bombay 1962	99	2	0
3% Bombay 1960	99	4	0
2-3/4% U.P. 1961	96	12	0
2-3/4% Madras 1961	96	12	0
3% Bombay 1955	100	8	0
3% Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3% Punjab 1952	101	8	0
3% Madras 1952/53	100	6	0
3% U.P 1952	100	8	0
3% C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% N.W.F. 1952	100	0	0
3% U.P 1961/66	99	2	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4% 1977	98	12	0
4% B.P.I.	109	4	0
4% B Municipality	109	0	0
5% B Municipality	113	0	0
5% B Municipality 1954 ..	112	0	0

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

120	Ready Japan	..	7 6	0
150	Ready Japan	..	7 6	0
120	Ready Italy	..	7 2	0
150	Ready Italy	..	7 0	0
150	D. Jan. Opening	..	1265 0	0
150	D. Jan. Highest	..	1280 0	0
150	D. Jan. Lowest	..	1265 0	0
150	D. Jan. Close	..	1270 0	0
2/40	Staple November	..	1535 0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T.T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D.D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month

New York B. C. Rate T. T. D. D. Rs. 478/- 1/4 Montreal Rs. 462-3/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs 477 1/2 Montreal Rs. 462.

Banks Buying T. T Rs 475 Montreal Rs 453-1/2.

Banks Buying D. D Rs 472 1/2 Montreal Rs 451-1/4.

Banks Buying D. D Rs 473 3/4 L/C Montreal Rs. 452

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/4

Singapore Banks Selling T.T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8 London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London-Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London Belgium Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London-Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36 London Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15 16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40 91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 60.35 London on Madrid Cross Rate Pes. 5 60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 2.91 1/4-2.91-1/2 London on New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98 20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981 London/Prague Cross Rate K not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16 London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14/47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23 12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 1 per cent 6 Mos 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mo. 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 15.

KARNAK		ASHMOUNI	
Nov.	114.10+10	Dec.	107.00
Jan.	116.60	Feb	110.00
Mar.	118 40	Apr	110.95
May	119.10	Jun.	111.25
Jil.	119.80		

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, July 15.

2½% BR. Consols	£73-1/8
3½% Conversion loan 1961	£98-5/16
4% Funding Loan 1960/90	£107-5/8
3½% War Loan on or after Dec. 1st, 1952	£96-1/4
Chartered Bank of India	£10
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	£83

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 9,638.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY. Nov. 16.

MILLS

Apollo 3-2-6 3-3 3-2-6
B. Dyeing 972-8 73-12 69-6 78-12 72-8 73-12
C. India 256-8 60-8 58-8
Century 270
E. Textiles 261-4 65
Finlay 275 76 75 75-8
Gokak 250 49 50 49
I. U. Defd. 2 1-15-9 2-0-3 2
I.U. Ord. 12-10-6 12-13 12-12
Indore 113-12 14-6 12-8 14-6
Kohinoor 327-8 34 32-8
Khatau 186-4
Laxmi 602-8
Madhusudan 160
Meyer 83-2
Model 153-12 51-4
Mysore 162-8
New City 187-8
New Great 170 69
Phoenix 120
Podar 140 42-8 40 41-4
Sassoon Silk 35/8
Sassoon Cotton 26/5
Shrinivas 190
Simplex 276 77-8 76
Svadeshi 299 300-8 299-8 304 1-4
Swan 350
Tata Mills 52-12 52-8
B. Steam 245-10
Scindia 14-4 14-5 14-4 14-8 14-3 14-4

BANKS

Baroda 129 28
Central 80-8 79
Central new 80 79-4
Imperial Old 1970 72-8 65 72-8
Imperial New 486-4 85
India 176-8 75-8
Union 6-14 6-12
U. Commercial 44-8 44
National Saving 27

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 115
Ahmedabad New 11-12
Andhra 1490 93-12 91-4
Surat 138-2
Hydro 160-8 61-8
Power 1670 75
Power Pref. 1375
Hydro Pref. 134-6 33-12

INSURANCE

I. Mercantile 41-8
New India 66-12 66
Vulcan 12

STEELS

B. Steel 22-7 22-4 22-6 22-3 22-4
I. Iron 31-13 31-12 31-15 31-12
Tata Defd 1823-12 25 16-4 35 22-8 25
Tata Ord. 352-12 51-8 54-8 52
Tata 2nd Pref. 137-8 36-12 37

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 332-8 35 33-12
A.C.C. 172 71-8 72-4 71-12 72
Belapur 269-8 69 70-8 69-4
B. B. Old 483-12 81-14 88-2 85
B. B. New 155-10
B. B. Petrol 1-9-6
B.I.C. 9-1-6
Dharamsey 62
I. Copper 2-14-9 2-15-6 2-15
I. Bleaching 173-8
P. Construction 114 17-4 16
P. Construction 1st Pref 102-8
P. Construction 2nd Pref. 99-12
Shivrajpur 50 50-4 49-12
Tata Chemical 13-12 13-14 13-13
Tata Chemical Pref. 131-14
Tata Oil 42-8
Wimco 245 46-14

SPECIAL

National Rayon Pref 83

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 10th November:—

CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital:	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,32,50,000
Deposits and Other Accounts	228,96,37,000
Borrowings from Other Banks, Agents, etc.	1,85,00,000
Bills Payable	4,72,43,000
Bills for Collection being Bills Receivable as per contra	34,07,000
Acceptances, Endorsements and Other Obligations for Constituents as per contra	— —
Other Liabilities (including Inter-Office Adjustments)	3,85,50,000
RUPEES	251,68,37,000

PROPERTY AND ASSETS

	Rs.
Cash: In hand and with Reserve Bank	26,83,35,000
Balances with other Banks	5,72,86,000
Investments: Government and other Trustee Securities	112,32,53,000
Other Authorised Investments	12,58,25,000
Money at Call and Short Notice	2,75,96,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,95,52,000
Loans, Advances, Cash Credits and Overdrafts	81,40,60,000
Bills for Collection being Bills Receivable as per contra	34,07,000
Constituents' Liabilities for Acceptances, Endorsements and Other Obligations as per contra	— —
Dead Stock less Depreciation	1,62,68,000
Other Assets (including Inter-Office Adjustments)	2,12,55,000
RUPEES	251,68,37,000

CALCUTTA SHARES STEADY

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

The market has kept steady round the speculative stocks while jute, coal and other miscellaneous industrials continued their demands at fairly steady prices. Government Securities, on the other hand, were the turn easier.

The market will remain closed tomorrow, the 17th November, on account of "Gopastami."

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: 3 per cent Loan 1986 94/12, 3 per cent loan 1951/54 101/1 s odd lot, 3 per cent loan 1966/68 98/8 s l, 3 per cent loan 1957 100/14 s lot, 3 per cent loan 1963/65 98/14 s o lot, 3 per cent loan 1970/75 98/3 s o lot, 4 per cent loan 1960/70 103/12 s o lot.

BANKS: Calcutta National 9/8, Imperial Bank fully paid 1967/-.

COTTON: Cawnpore Textiles 9/13.

COALS: Bengal 536/-, Burrakur 13/7, Central India 4/15, New Beerbhoom 18/7, Sendra 19/-, Talcher 2/8, Western Bengal 6/8.

JUTES: Anglo-India 301/- s lot, Belvedere 305/-, Chitavalsah 28/8, Howrah 35/8, Kanknarrah 232/-, Northbrock 18/14, Presidency 6/11, Reliance 25/-, Union 220/-.

ENGINEERINGS: Bhartial Elec. Steel 20/4, Indian Iron 30/4, Jessop and Co. 18/14, Steel Corpn. 21/12, Textile Machinery 6/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 2/14, Indian Copper 3/-, Tavoy Tin Annas 14, Assam Bengal Cement 8/1, Sone Valley Cement 6/9 ex div, Alkali and Chemical 13/13, Calcutta Electric 16/4, Angleo Bros. 30/6, BIC Ordy. 8/15, Calcutta Trams 21/-, Indian Cables 59/12, Jardine Henderson 163/- s a lot Martin Burn 16/10 Metal Corpn. 5/14, Rohtas Industry 5/4, British Burma Petrol 1/11, Orient Paper 49/8, Titaghur Paper 28/-, Assam Saws 8/5, India Steamship 7/5.

TEAS: Basmatia 30/-, Betjan 32/8, Dufflaghur 32/10, Dibrugarh 9/9, East India 19/12, Hasimara 36/-, Tezpore 25/4 s lots, Tukvar 7/14.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

Following are today's quotations:—

Govt. of India Loans—3 per cent loan 95/4, Ditto 1986 95/2, Ditto 1970/75 98/4.

Govt. of Madras Loan 3 per cent 1960 98/12, Government of Travancore loan 3 per cent 1952/54 101/12.

BANKS: Travancore 12/12.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/4, Cochin Malabar 7/13, Devashola 16/14, Midland 7/15, Nelliampathy 1-7-6, Ouchterlony 7-1, Pullangode 2-1, Thirumbadi 3/3, T R and T Co. 7/10, Vaikundam 11-7-6.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woollen 250, Buckingham 141, Do. Pref. 187, Cambodia 13/2, Coimbatore CM 163/8, Do. Pioneer 125, Do. Spg. 57/-, Lakshmi 82/8, Madura 36/4, Mettur 375, Radhakrishna 223/-, Rajalakshmi 97/-, Ranga Vilas 56, Trav. Rayons 4/9, Do. Pref. 7/9, Trichinopoly 14/-, Vasanta 126/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 73/-, F A C T 6/12, India Cement 16/-, Mettur Chem. 5/13, Mysore Chem. Fert. 9/8.

Protest Against Export Duty On Wool

The Bombay Wool Merchants Association has sent the following telegram to Commerce and Finance Ministers at Delhi:—

"Trade shocked at the announcement of thirty per cent export duty on raw wool and consider exhorbitant. This will result in heavy financial losses as heavy stocks accumulated due to export ban and incapacity of the indigenous industry to purchase. Strongly request reconsider decision to effect substantial reduction to maintain the export trade. Emphatically urge at least goods lying at ports should be exempted."

AMERICAN MARKETS

NEW YORK COTTON STRONG ON MILL BUYING

Narrow Price Movement In Wall Street

NEW YORK, Nov. 15

Opening gains in current crops were extended on aggressive trade demand and Commission House buying which readily absorbed hedge selling. Some demands were undoubtedly based on expectations of renewed export buying when details were given of additional export allocations. For distants however came under pressure of liquidation possibly influenced by prospects of a large crop next season.

Prices advanced sharply in the afternoon with nearby December and March establishing new seasonal highs on aggressive mill demands partly against textile sales together with urgent short covering and buying credited to foreign account. Lack of significant hedge pressure intensified the upturn, the session finally closing strong Sales were estimated at 400,000 bales

CLOSING QUOTATION

	New York	New Orleans
December	42.80	42.64
March	42.54	42.41
May	42.09	41.99
July	41.48	41.38
Middling Spot	43.80	42.65

New York: Highest March 42.60 at 3 p.m. Lowest: 42.09 at 10-03 a.m.

Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

The market was narrow with high earnings and good dividends counterbalanced by considerations of other factors, such as controls, the size of the next tax bill and the uncertain international situation. The modest trade, changes eitherway were mainly fractional. President Truman's request for a last passage of the excess profits tax bill to raise 4,000,000,000 dollars annually failed to create despondency since there are clear signs that he will have a difficult time in getting it from the coming session of congress.

At noon the averages were Industrials 228.87 and rails 68.52. Irregular higher tendencies mostly upto one dollar or more developed in the afternoon led by rails and industrials Demand for rails was fairly good at times with the excess profits tax hearings remainding operators that a good tax shelter was provided by carriers. Crucible steel preferred gained nearly two dollars to a new high on differed payments, which has cleared arrears.

Final dealings produced few changes. The market closed steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	151
Amerex Holding Co.	45-1/4
Ananconda Copper Mining	36-3/4
Chase National Bank	36-1/2
Firestone Tyre	72
General Electric	50
General Motors	49-1/8
Ingersoll Rand	70-1/2
International Nickel	34-7/8
National City Bank	43-1/4
N.Y. Central Rail Road Co.	17-1/4
Sinclair Corp.	30-5/8
Socony Vacuum	24-7/8
Texas Co.	77-1/4
Union Carbide	49-5/8
US Smelting	56
US Steel Common	40-1/8
Western Union	40-7/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 1620,000 Highest and lowest US Steel trading prices were 40-3/8 and 39-7/8 resp.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.

Grains advanced under the leadership of soya beans on renewed commission house buying and shortcovering based on limited country offerings and unconfirmed reports of export business Some buying of soyabeans and maize was also attributed to reports of light to heavy overnight rains in Illinois and Iowa which are expected to hamper movement of grains off farms

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.

December	2.29
March	2.33-1/2
May	2.33-1/4
July	2.26-5/8

N. Y. Pepper Prices Decline

NEW YORK, Nov. 15

Black Pepper moved lower in a quiet market. Almost complete absence of grinder interest was attributed to previous substantial purchases which placed them comfortably supplied position in face of only moderate demand from consuming channels. Spot offered today at 1.43, December delivery 1.40, December shipment 1.31, January shipment 1.28 and March shipment 1.23 per pound. Another price lowering factor today was the resumption of offerings from Indian shippers at reduced levels. Recently India had been receiving better prices from buyers outside the United States but in view of today's advices, it appears this demand has dried up. India today offered November shipment at 1.40 December shipment at 1.32 and January shipment 1.28 per pound cost and freight New York.

Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.43 asked. Old contracts: Nov. 1.45, Dec. 1.44, Jan. 1.40, Feb. 1.33 all nominals. New contract: Nov. 1.45 asked, Dec. 1.44 asked, Jan. 1.40 asked, Feb. 1.33 nominal, White Spot 2.80 asked.

N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

The situation is unchanged with about 200,000 ounces again fetching 80-1/4 cents in the open market.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Early Dealings Irregular

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter):—After some irregularity in early dealings markets became steadier to close with only minor alterations in domestic issues today. An initial firmness was lost on consideration of Communist China's "withdraw from Korea" warning to United Nations but sentiment was aided by Great Britain's record export figures for October.

The British Government short dateds moved lower on small offerings but there were minor gains in textiles, selected irons and steels. Commodity shares were mixed.

Among miscellaneous, industrials, Dunlops lost ground to 633 ahead of details of the new issue.

Rubber shares were dull but tins were inclined to recover.

Japanese bonds declined by 1 point. There was some selling of German issues.

Kaffirs were dull but coppers improved to close firm. Oil shares opened firm and after some reaction finished at mainly higher levels.

Paris Bourse Quiet

PARIS Nov. 15.

Dealings were not very lively today. The centre of interest was a large rise in 1949 five per cent rentes which contributed to improved general tendency. Petroleum shares were firm while French chemicals were in demand. It is believed that Government will lauch a new loan shortly and there is talk of forthcoming Swiss investments in the Frecnh market.

Amsterdam Exchange Quiet

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.

The market wes quiet, although internationals attracted buyers and were firmer all round. Shipping were well maintained and investments unchanged Indonesians were barely steady.

London Pepper Inactive

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Pepper market was inactive with Black Lampong November shipment at 11sh 1 1/2d asked and White Muntok at 17 1/2sh shipping weight with White Sarawak at 18sh delivered weight per pound cif basis ports. Malabar was cheaper with afloat quoted at 1,350 to 1,375 shillings, according to position, November shipment 1.155, December 1.070 and January 1.030, all per hundredweight cif United Kingdom.

London Copra Steady

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Copra was steadier on sellers reserve. Straits Dutch East Indies fair merchantable delivered weight £ 102-1/2 paid and buyer with a seller later asking £ 103-1/2. Philippines bulk 265 dollars asked and Ceylon quoted nominally at 106 all per ton C.I.F. November shipment. Coconut oil was quiet. Straits in drums £ 154 seller and in bulk £ 147 seller Ceylon in drums £ 156 seller and in bulk £ 149-1/2 quoted all per to November December shipment C.I.F.

Singapore Pepper Easy

SINGAPORE, Nov. 15.

The Pepper market was easier with Black Lampong quoted at 600 and White Muntok at 975 dollars per picul compared with 610 and 990 respectively previously. Three tons of White loose were traded at 971.

Investment Register

Such a Register is the first of its kind and is published by Messrs. Jashwantlal V. Bhagat, Share, Stock and Finance Brokers and it should go a long way in meeting the needs of investors who wish to keep an individual record of their various investments and dividends from year to year.

AHMEDABAD MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16.

Ahmedabad stock exchange closing: Calico 301-4, Ambika 339, Arvind 816, Defd. 1820, New Shorrock 588

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Egypt Determined To Annul 1936 Treaty

KING ASKS BRITAIN TO WITHDRAW TROOPS

CAIRO, November 16 (PTI-Reuter).

KING FAROUK today gave Britain advance notice that his government intends to demand cancellation of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, immediate evacuation of British troops from Suez and unity of Egypt and the Sudan under the Egyptian crown.

In a speech read for him at the state opening of Parliament, King Farouk said: "My Government considers the Treaty has ceased to be a suitable basis for Anglo-Egyptian relations."

When his government was called to power at the beginning of this year it undertook to make frank and effective efforts to secure evacuation of foreign troops from the Nile Valley and to secure its unity under the Egyptian crown

It was hoped adequate proposals to conciliate the view points would soon be received.

FIRM DETERMINATION

King Farouk added: "Come what may, my Government will persistently and unhesitatingly continue its efforts to realise national aspirations.

(The Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of 1936 has proved a constant source of friction between the two countries as several unsuccessful attempts to reopen negotiations and remove difficulties have failed. The Wafdist Government under Premier Nahas Pasha, who read King Farouk's speech today, wants to see Sudan and the Nile Valley under the Egyptian crown and British military occupation of the Suez Canal area ended).

King Farouk drove to Parliament today in a crimson Rolls Royce surrounded by a heavy motorised guard.

It was his first public appearance for months and the great crowds on the route stood behind troops with fixed bayonets standing shoulder to shoulder.

Hussein Heykal Pasha, Liberal Constitutional Leader, did not attend the opening session. He was deprived of his presidency of the Senate by a royal decree and was replaced by Zaki El Orady Pasha, Wafdist.

In his speech to Parliament King Farouk said: My Government considers the Treaty has ceased to be a suitable basis for Anglo-Egyptian relations.

"It, therefore, becomes inevitable to decide upon its cancellation and arrive at new clauses based on other principles likely to meet with your approval, namely total and immediate evacuation and unity of Egypt and the Sudan under the Egyptian crown.

The speech added: "My Government proclaims it will never depart from these fundamental principles.

"It is profoundly convinced that British recognition of these principles would be the surest guarantee of the maintenance of peace and security throughout the Middle East."

Talks On Farouk's Speech

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Critical talks on Anglo-Egyptian relations arising out of King Farouk's speech to the Egyptian Parliament today will be held in London soon, diplomatic quarters here believed.

The talks would be between British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin and Salah El Din Bey, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, the quarters said.

OVERSEAS MAILS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The next despatch of overseas mails for British East Africa, Southern and Northern Rhodesia, Portuguese East Africa, Madagascar, Mauritius and Union of South Africa will be made from Bombay on November 20, 1950 by S.S. "KAMPALA".

Mails arriving in Bombay Foreign Post up to 6 p.m on November 18 will be included in the despatch.

Cruiser Open To Visitors

BOMBAY, Thursday.

H.M.S. Mauritius, a cruiser of the Royal Navy commanded by Captain E.O.F. Price, O.B.E. R.N., will arrive in Bombay on an informal visit on Wednesday November 22, and will be berthed alongside Alexandra Docks, Harbour Wall. The ship will be open to the public on Thursday and Friday November 23 and 24 between 2 p.m and 5 p.m.

U. P. COTTON: The area under cotton cultivation in U.P. has increased by nine per cent. Total area under cotton now stands at 1,16,479 acres.

'BASE' PART PLAYED BY ATTLEE

Pravda Cites Official Letter

LONDON, November 16 (PTI-Reuter): The Soviet Communist Party newspaper "Pravda" declared today the "base part played by Britain's labourite rulers" in preventing the holding of the World Peace Congress was shown by a letter on the Congress to British representatives abroad from Prime Minister Clement Attlee.

The Moscow newspapers, according to Moscow radio, today published the letter, which they described as a circular sent by Mr. Attlee in mid-September instructing British officials to prevent the Congress by withholding visas.

The text of the letter was first published in Copenhagen on Tuesday in the Danish Communist paper "Landoo Folk," which said it had come into the possession of the Telepress news agency in Prague.

Mr. Attlee was reported as saying in the letter that the British Home Office unfortunately has no legal reasons for forbidding the Congress "but that the Government was" quite conscious of its responsibility in respect of the Atlantic Pact to do all in its power to prevent the Congress from being held."

The purported letter went on to give administrative details of measures to be taken, including the exclusion from Britain of the Congress organisers and the withholding of visas to more than half of the delegates.

CRIPPS FOR CEYLON?

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Stafford Cripps, former British Chancellor of Exchequer, is planning a winter holiday in Ceylon, usually reliable sources said here today.

FRENCH CONSUL DIES

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (PTI): The death occurred in a nursing home in Calcutta today of M. Detrie, Consul-General for France in Calcutta. He was 38. He came to India about 15 months back.

M. Detrie who was suffering from appendicitis was operated upon about a week ago, but since then his condition was gradually deteriorating and he succumbed today.

Cariappa Talks About Sound Economy

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16 (PTI): General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army, said here that sound economy, well developed industries and a high standard of morale in the people were the three essential requisites to make the country great.

General Cariappa, who was speaking to pressmen here today said: "The strength of a country does not depend on its army alone. The people are equally responsible for the defence of the country."

The General criticised some of the "cheap films" shown to the public. These films he said did more harm than drinks or gambling.

Quinine For Doctors And Hospitals

BOMBAY, Thursday.

To prevent the rising trend of prices due to speculation in quinine and its substitutes the Government of Bombay had introduced for a period of three months from August 1 a scheme for distribution of these drugs to private practitioners, hospitals, dispensaries through the Government agency. The Government has now decided to continue this scheme till the end of February 1951

SELECTION OF CANDIDATES

BPCC Adopts Report Of Sub-Committee

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at an urgent meeting today adopted by a majority the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee regarding the setting up of machinery for selecting candidates to legislatures. The B.P.C.C. decided to recommend to the Congress Working Committee and the A.I.C.C. the constitution in every province of a three-man election board consisting of the President of the Provincial Congress Committee, leader of the Legislature Congress Party in the State and a member from the State nominated by the Central Election Board with the President of the B.P.C.C. as Chairman.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. speaking on the report said that this was his own suggestion which had found favour with some of the members of the Congress Working Committee. He, however, added that the Constitutional Sub-Committee of the A.I.C.C. of which he was a member was meeting tomorrow at New Delhi and it would consider this question.

CLEAN UP B.E.S.T.

Mr. Abidalli Jafferbhoy, a member of the B.P.C.C., moved a resolution stating that the B.P.C.C. should give a directive to the Congress Municipal Party to take steps to clean up the B.E.S.T. administrative machinery, which, he said, caused undue harassment to the members of the traffic department of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking.

At the suggestion of the President, the B.P.C.C. set up a five-man committee to enquire into the matter.

CONVOCATION ADDRESS: Shri Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister will deliver the convocation address of the Saugor University.

They Have No Part In National Life

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (UPI): "Frankly, the four-figure salaried civilians living luxurious lives in decent bungalows in the metropolis are not the men who can go in the surroundings of poverty, illiteracy and ill-health. This is the chief gap in our food-planning. A way has to be found out of this morass of red-tape, incompetence and duplication if the country is to be saved and disaster averted."

This view is put forward in the latest issue of the A.I.C.C. Economic Review edited by Messrs. H. D. Malaviya and Sir Gupta of the Economic and Research Department of the A.I.C.C. Secretariat, in a leading article captioned, "gaps in food planning."

VERY FEW FOLLOW MAHATMA NOW

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 16 (UPI): Miss Muriel Lester, a devout follower and the hostess of Gandhiji in London, on her seventh visit to India now, has remarked here recently that after Gandhiji's death, there were very few people in India now, who followed the teachings of the "Master", faithfully.

Miss Muriel further said that she was happy to see India now a free country, and that the people were extending hospitality to foreigners "with an open heart and on terms of equality". She paid tributes to the Nehru Cabinet, which, she said, was "working hard for the betterment of the country" and for solving the problems confronting India. No Government in the world, she said, was perfect and free from shortcomings, and that criticism would lead to nowhere. She advised the Indian people to stand by Shri Nehru loyally

The salvation of India and the world, she observed, lay in following the path, the "Mahatma" had shown to the world.

U.S. Aggression In Open Sea And Territorial Waters

"RED FLEET'S" CHARGE: SOVIET CLAIM FOR 12-MILE LIMIT PRESSED

MOSCOW, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter).

"RED FLEET," official organ of the Soviet Navy, yesterday reiterated Russia's claim to territorial waters extending over 12 nautical miles from any territory, mainland or islands, under Soviet jurisdiction. A three-column article accused the United States of "aggression in the open sea and in territorial waters".

The article termed the United States' proclaimed naval blockade of Korean waters "illegal" and said that air incidents over the Baltic and Yellow Sea and in the Soviet Far East were "encroachments on Soviet territorial rights". By means of a number of acts the Soviet Government has determined its territorial waters as extending to a distance of 12 nautical miles from the line of low tide on the mainland and the coasts of islands. Within the confines of its territorial waters the Soviet Union exercises full and unlimited sovereignty.

"It is only under international agreements based on reciprocity that the Soviet Union allows fishing or other foreign vessels within the confines of its territorial waters.

"Any intrusion into the territorial waters of maritime countries, any attempt to alter by force the rules of navigation in the open seas, constitute actions contrary to the accepted standards of International Laws and a violation of the independence and sovereignty of other states".

The article attacked Anglo-American jurists as "making an effort to legalise seizure of the open sea".

It said the Governments of Britain and the United States were denying the rights of littoral states to fix the limits of their territorial water beyond the three mile limit.

Indonesian's Optimism

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16. (PTI-Reuter): Dutch political groups have been given "a better insight into Indonesia's view point on the New Guinea problem," Dr. Sukiman, Chairman of the Indonesia Parliamentary Mission, which has been visiting Holland, said in an interview here today.

Dr. Sukiman said the mission had found "large groups of Dutch people guided by sentiments in their views on New Guinea".

COMMISSIONER FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Laxmidas Shrikant Appointed

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (PTI): Mr. Lakshmidas Shrikant, M. L. A. (Bombay) has been appointed by the President as Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and scheduled tribes under Article 338 of the Constitution the Home Ministry announced today.

Mr. Shrikant is expected to take charge of his office on or about November 20, 1950. He is at present in charge of the Bhil Seva Mandal work in Gujerat.

Article 338 of the Constitution specifies that the President shall appoint a special officer for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes. It shall be the duty of this officer to investigate all matters relating to the safeguards provided in the Constitution for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes and report to the President on the working of the safeguards These reports will then be laid before Parliament. The Officer will also, in addition, look after the safeguards and welfare of the Anglo-Indian community and backward classes that might be designated by the President after a Commission appointed by him under Article 340.

West Berlin Police Armed

BERLIN Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Western Commandants in Berlin today authorised the city police authorities to arm West Berlin policemen and train them in the use of weapons.

SECRET JAP-U.S. AGREEMENT

Soviet News Agency's Charge

LONDON, Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Tass, Official Soviet news agency, alleged today that secret American-Japanese talks were going on for military treaty under which American troops would continues to occupy Japan for 30 years.

The agency quoted "Tokyo reports" in a message to Moscow from Shanghai It alleged that General MacArthur's headquarters were conducting the negotiations with the Japanese Government, adding: "the draft of this agreement provides for American troops, in the strength of three divisions to continue the occupation of Japan for 30 years, and for the strength of the so-called reserve police corps in Japan to be trebled.

"The latter is to be equipped with modern arms and will, in fact, be under the aegis of the United States, although the American command of the corps is to be camouflaged with the name of the United Nations

"The draft agreement further envisages that an anti-Communist pact is to be concluded between Japan and the South Korean regime and that Japan is to take part in the aggressive Pacific Pact being knocked up by the United States.

"As provided by the draft, the United States is to supply all the necessary arms for the Japanese troops and a military loan to Japan amounting to not less then one thousand million dollars."

CONGRESS WORKER ARRESTED

Misappropriation Alleged

PANDHARPUR 16, (Hindusthan Samachar): A Congress worker of Mangalwedhe Taluka Shri Hariappa Patil was recently arrested by the police for alleged misappropriation of Rs. 600 out of public funds.

DACOITS POSE AS CONSTABLES

KALYAN Thursday, (Hindusthan Samachar): Several dacoits, clad in police uniforms pretended to be police constables and searched the house of a resident of Mukte, a village in Kolaba District. They carried away all the valuables from the house nd gave a written receipt of the things to the owner who was asked to state about this before the police authorities, the next day. The villager realised the next day, how he was cheated.

The police are conducting investigation into the matter.

Seven Socialists Arrested

PALGHAR, Thursday, (Hindusthan Samachar): Seven Socialists including Shri Madukar Parulekar and Ramesh Patel of Palghar, were recently arrested at Parnali, a nearby village, under the District Police Act. Several other workers who were arrested near Parnali were released in a village fifteen miles away.

Self-Sufficiency In Cotton By 1952

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (PTI): India is expected to become self-sufficient in East Indian varieties of cotton by 1951-1952, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Agriculture Minister, said in reply to a question in Parliament today.

Mr. Munshi also stated that the first forecast of the 1950-51 cotton crop, "which generally covers nearly two-thirds of the total crops, puts the area at 7.12 million acres compared with the corresponding figure of 6.45 million acres last year.

"With regard to jute, no forecasts have been released for 1950-51, but the available information indicates that the area in 1950-51 will be about 1.47 million acres as compared with 1.16 million acres in 1950-51.

Ceylonisation Is On

COLOMBO Nov. 16 (PTI-Reuter): Many classes of employment on Ceylon estates are to be restricted in future to Ceylon citizens as a result of an agreement signed yesterday between the Ceylon Estates Employers Federation and the Minister of State, Mr. A. E. Goonesinha.

Classes affected are: clerical, technical, tool-makers rubbermakers contractors, storekeepers schoolmasters, dispensers, engine lorry and car drivers and accounts clerks.

No Blackmarketing In Jute

BENGAL'S STERN STEPS

CALCUTTA, November 16 (PTI): An official spokesman said here today that the West Bengal Government would adopt stringent measures to stabilise conditions in jute trade to stop blackmarketing.

An ordinance embodying Government's decision in this respect is expected to be promulgated soon.

A deputation on behalf of the Calcutta Jute Balers Association left for Delhi this afternoon to meet the Chief Import and Export Controller to discuss with him the present position in the jute market.

A tentative agreement between jute interests and the State Government is reported to have been reached as a result of the three-day talks last weekend between the Chief Minister and representatives of the Indian Jute Mills Association, the Jute Balers Association and other jute goods traders.

It is understood that the parties have agreed to the setting up of a central purchasing board, on which different jute interests would be represented and without whose sanction and knowledge no mill would be allowed to purchase jute directly from the dealers.

HAD RADIOS, BUT NO LICENCES

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (PTI): Twenty-eight persons have been convicted in India for using radio sets in their premises without licenses during the quarter ending June 30, says a press note. Thirteen cases were detected in the Bombay circle and twelve in the Punjab.

Chagla Will Do His Best

SANGLI, Nov. 16 (PTI): Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice of Bombay, said here today: "Nothing is nearer my heart than complete separation of judiciary from the executive. I shall try my utmost to effect the separation,".

Mr. Chagla was replying to an address of welcome presented to him by the Sangli bar in the presence of a distinguished gathering including the Raja of Sangli.

In the morning, Mr. Chagla visited the central jail and inspected the law courts at Sangli

A Nine-Man Committee

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (PTI): The Government of West Bengal has appointed a nine-man committee to enquire into the question of providing financial facilities, long and short term, for small and medium-sized industries of West Bengal.

MADRAS BAN ON REDS LIFTED

Sequel To High Court Judgment

MADRAS, Nov. 16 (PTI).

The Madras Government today lifted their one year old ban on the Communist Party of India, and its branches and other allied organisations in the State, numbering 35.

The ban was imposed in September 1949, under Sections 16 and 17-A of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, as in the opinion of the State Government, the activities of the Communist Party and its other allied organisations were "prejudicial to the maintenance of law and order."

The State Government today cancelled all notifications issued in September 1949 declaring the ban. The ban on the Khaksars, Muslim National Guards, and Black Shirts, the volunteer organisation of the Dravida Khazhagam has also been lifted.

The cancellation of the ban is a sequel to the judgment of a Full Bench of the Madras High Court on September 14, holding the Criminal Law Amendment Act as void and 'ultra vires' of the fundamental right to form associations or unions, guaranteed in the Indian Constitution.

The Judgment was given on a petition filed by the General Secretary of the Peoples Education Society, Madras, for a writ of certiorari to squash the order of the Madras Government, declaring the association unlawful under Section 16 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

The action of the Government will not affect persons detained or convicted under the criminal law amendment act before the coming into force of the new Constitution on January 26, 1950.

All proceedings spending in various courts in the State under the Criminal Law Amendment Act have been ordered to be withdrawn in view of the High Court judgment.

High Court's Decision Does Not Affect Other States

An appeal by the Madras Government against the judgment of the Madras High Court, declaring the Criminal Law Amendment Act as void, will come up before the Supreme Court in due course, it was learnt in New Delhi today

Pending a decision by the Supreme Court in this regard, the other states which have banned the Communist Party, namely West Bengal, Assam, Hyderabad and Travancore-Cochin, are not likely to revoke the ban. The judgment of the Madras High Court is binding only on Madras state.

The Madras Government's action, it is stated here, will not affect the detenus, nor will it lead to relaxation of police measures against violent and subversive activities. Those measures will continue.

ARCHITECTURE AND THE CAMERA

By I. I. JANMAHOMED

BUILDINGS are one of the most readily available picture subjects for your camera, no matter where you may be. In your own home town or village there is likely to be enough interesting material to keep you busy for a while—some new buildings, some old ones, a temple or mosque, some old historic landmark, attractive interiors, and, of course, your own home.

If photographed correctly, architecture will make interesting pictures. It provides the opportunity to work with lines, planes perspective, detail and texture under a variety of lighting conditions. Buildings, large or small, modern or ancient, are among the subjects that every one wants to record with his camera at one time or another. Here are some helpful and practical hints which you can apply to your own picture-taking.

Good architectural photography is achieved by good photographers who know something about architecture, and what is good about it.

TWO TYPES

There are two types of approach to the problem. One, strictly a recording job, the other as an interpretive art, where inspiration is largely perspiration. It is the photographer's ability to find the props that help him make interesting pictures. He has to use his imaginative eye and use everything on location, such as trees, hedges and slopes. Since architectural photographers are always at the mercy of the elements, they are measured in part by their ability to wait for good weather, the right lighting and the appearance of foliage.

Composition and artistic principles constitute an important part of architectural photography. Light and shade must be used to produce something out of the ordinary. That means studying the building in advance, anticipating lighting effects and being on the spot at just the right moment, so that the final result is packed with reader interest and editorial appeal.

FINISHING TECHNIQUE

A good architectural picture must show evidence of the photographer's ability to size up the job from an architect's point of view, his constant thinking in terms of good composition,

1/11, 1/100 second, with orange filter, at 4-30 p.m. (I.I.J.)

his meticulous finishing technique and high quality of print presentation. There is a modern tendency to dramatize architectural subjects by uptilting the camera. This is justifiable if there is a functional necessity, but generally it is better to keep the vertical lines parallel as this gives the photograph a feeling of dignity, serenity and repose.

Although it is generally accepted that side-lighting shows architectural details in their truest form, the rule is alterable when back lighting is used on a structure as a whole; then, however, details on the camera side are in danger of being obscured unless some accessory lighting can be employed. On the whole, side lighting is a much more natural and effective source light and gives a better depth and form.

What are the elements that a good architectural photograph should include? Chiefly, it should have emphasis in the right places, good lighting contrast, form detail, pleasing composition plus reader interest, balance.

LONDON'S THANKS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (PTI):—Speaker Mavlankar today conveyed to Parliament a message of thanks received from the Speaker of the British House of Commons for the entrance door presented by India to the new House of Commons Chamber.

MUTT AND JEFF—What Do You Expect After A Weak End

By BUD FISHER

ONCE THERE WERE THREE LITTLE CATS- ONE WAS NAMED "FOOT" THE OTHER WAS "FOOT-FOOT" AND THE LAST ONE WAS "FOOT-FOOT-FOOT!"
ONE DAY "FOOT" GOT SICK SO "FOOT-FOOT" AND "FOOT-FOOT-FOOT" CALLED THE DOCTOR FOR "FOOT!"
THE DOCTOR SAID "FOOT" WAS GONNA DIE AND "FOOT" DIED!
AND THEN "FOOT-FOOT" GOT SICK SO "FOOT-FOOT-FOOT" CALLED THE DOCTOR FOR "FOOT-FOOT!"
SO THE DOC TOLD "FOOT-FOOT-FOOT" THAT "FOOT-FOOT" WAS GONNA DIE LIKE "FOOT"!
SO "FOOT-FOOT-FOOT" SES, "DON'T SAY THAT, DOC, WE GOT ONE FOOT IN TH' GRAVE NOW!"
FOOT-FOOT-FOOT, IF YA KNOW WHAT I MEAN!
Fisher

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